## 2020

## Montana School Health Profiles Trend Analysis Report

## Montana Office of Public Instruction

Health Enhancement and Safety Department ~ Coordinated School Health Unit School Health Profiles Program

October 2020


## 2020 School Health Profiles Survey

## Survey Summary

The School Health Profiles (Profiles) assists state and local education and health agencies in monitoring and assessing characteristics of school health education; physical education and physical activity; practices related to bullying and sexual harassment; school health improvement; and school health coordination. Data from Profiles can be used to improve school health programs.

Two questionnaires are used to collect data - one for school principals and one for lead health education teachers. The two questionnaires were mailed to 279 regular public schools containing any of grades 6 through 12 in Montana during late winter 2020 One or both questionnaires were received from $96 \%$ of eligible sampled schools. Usable questionnaires were received from principals in $89 \%$ of schools and from lead health education teachers in $76 \%$ of schools. Because the response rates for these surveys were greater than or equal to $70 \%$, the results are weighted and are representative of all regular public schools in Montana having at least one of grades 6 through 12.

The Profiles questionnaires were developed by the Division of Adolescent and School health, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention in collaboration with representatives of state, local, and territorial departments of health education.

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## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Principal Survey

## School Health Coordination

| Percentage of schools that ever used the School Health Index or other self-assessment tool to assess school policies, activities, and programs in the following areas: | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2018-2020 } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical education and physical activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 56.9 | 52.8 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Nutrition |  |  |  |  |  | 43.9 | 56.7 | 46.9 | 52.6 | 56.8 | 55.3 | 51.5 | $\uparrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Tobacco-use prevention |  |  |  |  |  | 48.7 | 58.3 | 51.8 | 52.5 | 49.2 | 55.9 | 58.9 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Chronic health conditions (e.g., asthma, food allergies) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 44.5 | 38.7 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Unintentional injury and violence prevention (safety) |  |  |  |  |  |  | 45.4 | 41.2 | 47.7 | 45.0 | 50.7 | 47.6 | $\uparrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Sexual health, including HIV, other STD, and pregnancy prevention |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47.3 | 49.6 |  |  |
| Percentage of schools with a School Improvement Plan that includes health-related objectives on the following topics: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Health education |  |  |  |  |  |  | 43.2 | 40.4 | 42.5 | 49.6 | 49.5 | 50 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Physical education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 42.1 | 49.6 | 46.9 | 48.7 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Physical activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 36.9 | 43.1 | 41.2 | 39.9 |  |  |
| School meal programs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 39.8 | 50.2 | 47.4 | 46.7 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Foods and beverages available at school outside the school meal programs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 34.4 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 40.9 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Health services |  |  |  |  |  |  | 33.1 | 36.1 | 32.0 | 38.7 | 37.4 | 40.6 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Counseling, psychological, and social services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 51.9 | 48.4 | 57.1 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Physical environment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 52.0 | 52.7 | 51.3 |  |  |
| Percentage of schools with a School Improvement Plan that includes health-related objectives on the following topics: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social and emotional climate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 58.7 | 58.6 | 63.7 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Family engagement |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 65.2 | 66.1 | 65.3 |  |  |
| Community involvement |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 64.9 | 62.7 | 63.1 |  |  |
| Employee wellness |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40.3 | 42.9 | 44.2 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Percentage of schools that reviewed health and safety data as part of school's improvement planning process |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 76.1 | 81.3 | 77.3 | 76.7 | 82.2 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Principal Survey

## School Health Coordination

| Percentage of schools that did the following activities: | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2018-2020 } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reviewed district's local wellness policy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 89.8 | 82.8 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Helped revise district's local wellness policy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 63.5 | 58.0 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Communicated to school staff about district's local wellness policy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 74.8 | 75.8 |  |  |
| Communicated to parents and families about district's local wellness policy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 58.9 | 57.6 |  |  |
| Communicated to students about district's local wellness policy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 62.1 | 59.8 |  |  |
| Measured school's compliance with district's local wellness policy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 62.5 | 55.8 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Developed an action plan that describes steps to meet requirements of district's local wellness policy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48.8 | 42.8 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Percentage of schools that currently have someone who oversees or coordinates school health and safety programs and activities |  |  |  |  |  | 94.4 | 84.7 | 87.7 | 84.9 | 90.1 | 92.7 | 91.2 |  |  |
| Percentage of schools that have one or more groups (e.g., school health council, committee, team) that offer guidance on the development of policies or coordinates activities on health topics |  |  |  |  | 61.1 | 66.6 | 53.2 | 46.8 | 54.0 | 55.4 | 50.8 | 55.8 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |

## Sexual Orientation

| Percentage of schools that have a student-led club that aims to create a safe, welcoming, and accepting school environment for all youth, regardless of sexual orientation or gender identity | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2018-2020 } \\ \text { Change } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 13.4 | 23.4 | 19.8 | 16.4 | 18.0 | 21.6 | 21.5 | $\uparrow$ |  |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

## Trend Analysis Report - Principal Survey

## Sexual Orientation

| Percentage of schools that engage in the following LGBTQ youth-related practices: | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2018-2020 } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Identify "safe spaces" (e.g., a counselor's office, designated classroom, or student organization) where LGBTQ youth can receive support from administrators, teachers, or other school staff |  |  |  |  |  |  | 42.1 | 40.6 | 51.2 | 59.9 | 72.6 | 73.7 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Prohibit harassment based on a student's perceived or actual sexual orientation or gender identity |  |  |  |  |  |  | 86.2 | 83.3 | 85.2 | 90.5 | 93.6 | 95.7 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Encourage staff to attend professional development on safe and supportive school environments for all students, regardless of sexual orientation or gender identity |  |  |  |  |  |  | 56.5 | 55.5 | 60.6 | 62.3 | 71.7 | 76.9 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Facilitate access to providers not on school property who have experience in providing health services, including HIV/STD testing and counseling, to LGBTQ youth |  |  |  |  |  |  | 37.8 | 44.4 | 46.5 | 43.5 | 46.6 | 50 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Facilitate access to providers not on school property who have experience in providing social and psychological services to LGBTQ youth |  |  |  |  |  |  | 41.3 | 42.3 | 45.4 | 48.2 | 51.9 | 55.0 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |

## Bullying and Sexual Harassment

| Percentage of schools . . . | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2018-2020 } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In which all staff received professional development on preventing identifying, and responding to student bullying and sexual harassment, including electronic aggression |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 71.9 | 69.8 | 76.4 | 63.6 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| That have a designated staff member to whom students can confidentially report student bullying and sexual harassment, including electronic aggression |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 96.4 | 94.4 | 96.7 | 95 |  | $\downarrow$ |
| That use electronic, paper, or oral communication to publicize and disseminate policies, rules, or regulations on bullying and sexual harassment, including electronic aggression |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 92.1 | 91.6 | 88.9 | 88.9 | $\downarrow$ |  |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Principal Survey

## Required Physical Education

| Percentage of schools that taught required physical education in the following grades: | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | $\begin{gathered} 2018- \\ 2020 \\ \text { Change } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $6^{\text {th }}$ grade |  |  |  | 98.3 | 96.0 | 100.0 | 98.6 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| $7^{\text {th }}$ grade |  |  |  | 99.5 | 96.1 | 99.3 | 99.4 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 99.2 | 100.0 | 100.0 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| $8^{\text {th }}$ grade |  |  |  | 99.5 | 97.8 | 99.3 | 99.4 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| $9^{\text {th }}$ grade |  |  |  | 99.5 | 100.0 | 98.7 | 98.5 | 99.3 | 99.2 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| $10^{\text {th }}$ grade |  |  |  | 96.1 | 95.7 | 96.1 | 98.5 | 95.4 | 94.8 | 91.1 | 88.7 | 87.0 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| $11^{\text {th }}$ grade |  |  |  | 12.1 | 13.0 | 14.5 | 18.1 | 18.9 | 15.7 | 18.3 | 13.8 | 16.6 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| $12^{\text {th }}$ grade |  |  |  | 12.1 | 11.7 | 13.8 | 18.1 | 18.9 | 14.8 | 18.3 | 13.0 | 15.9 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Percentage of schools in which physical education teachers or specialists received professional development on physical education or physical activity during the past year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 77.9 | 84.7 | 84.3 | 81.5 | $\uparrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Percentage of schools in which students participate in physical activity in classrooms during the school day outside of physical education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 38.5 | 39.6 | 44.8 | 53.7 | 56.9 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Percentage of schools that offer interscholastic sports to students |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 93.4 | 91.7 | 95.2 | 95.6 | 85.9 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Percentage of schools that offer opportunities for students to participate in physical activity through organized physical activities or access to facilities or equipment for physical activity during the following times: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Before the school day |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 58.2 | 62.1 | 74.0 | 72.0 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| After the school day |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 92.7 | 92.0 |  |  |
| Percentage of schools that have a joint use agreement for shared use of the following school or community facilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Physical activity facilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 54.5 | 61.7 | 51.5 | 61.9 | 68.3 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Kitchen facilities and equipment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 38.8 | 41.4 |  |  |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Principal Survey

Tobacco-Use Prevention Policies

| Percentage of schools that . . . | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | $\begin{gathered} 2018- \\ 2020 \\ \text { Change } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Have adopted a policy prohibiting tobacco use |  |  | 100.0 | 99.4 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 98.4 | 99.2 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Follow a policy that mandates a "tobacco-free environment" |  |  | 28.7 | 30.4 | 0.0 | 54.9 | 50.3 | 61.1 | 60.3 | 60.5 | 67.8 | 62.3 | $\uparrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Follow a policy that mandates a "tobacco-free environment" including prohibiting electronic vapor products |  |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 57.9 | 65.3 | 61.9 | $\uparrow$ | $\downarrow$ |

## Nutrition-Related Policies

|  | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2018-2020 } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percentage of schools that always or almost always offer fruits or non-fried vegetables at school celebrations when foods or beverages are offered |  |  |  |  |  | 23.9 | 29.6 | 29.2 | 34.7 | 30.6 | 38.8 | 33.9 | $\uparrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Percentage of schools in which students can purchase snack foods or beverages from one or more vending machines at the school or at a school store, canteen, or snack bar |  |  | 87.7 | 88.8 | 87.3 | 80.5 | 79.1 | 82.4 | 80.0 | 73.8 | 75.9 | 71.3 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Principal Survey

## Nutrition-Related Policies

| Percentage of schools in which students can purchase the following snack foods or beverages from one or more vending machines at the school or at a school store, canteen, or snack bar | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2018-2020 } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chocolate candy |  |  | 56.9 | 53.3 | 52.2 | 36.2 | 36.8 | 39.9 | 38.4 | 15.1 | 21.3 | 21.0 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Other kinds of candy |  |  | 59.5 | 54.9 | 55.2 | 38.4 | 41.1 | 44.6 | 43.2 | 20.4 | 22.9 | 23.0 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Salty snacks that are not low in fat (e.g., regular potato chips) |  |  | 52.7 | 47.4 | 49.9 | 35.4 | 33.7 | 37.5 | 36.3 | 21.1 | 25.0 | 28.1 | $\downarrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Low sodium or "no added salt" pretzels, crackers, or chips |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47.8 | 47.0 | 52.9 | 51.6 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Cookies, crackers, cakes, pastries, or other baked goods that are not low in fat |  |  |  |  |  | 38.0 | 45.3 | 46.0 | 36.4 | 21.9 | 24.5 | 25.0 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Ice cream or frozen yogurt that is not low in fat |  |  |  |  |  | 9.8 | 12.8 | 8.6 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 5.4 | 6.8 | $\downarrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| $2 \%$ or whole milk (plain or flavored) |  |  |  |  | 23.9 | 27.0 | 28.8 | 20.8 | 16.2 | 14.5 | 15.5 | 16.9 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Nonfat or 1\% (low-fat) milk (plain) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23.1 | 21.4 | 24.8 | 22.3 |  |  |
| Water ices or frozen slushes that do not contain juice |  |  |  |  |  | 14.2 | 12.9 | 11.6 | 11.1 | 8.7 | 10.4 | 9.8 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Soda pop or fruit drinks that are not 100\% juice |  |  |  |  | 71.3 | 46.5 | 43.1 | 50.5 | 44.6 | 30.8 | 27.5 | 33.2 | $\downarrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Sports drinks (e.g., Gatorade) |  |  |  |  | 85.3 | 75.5 | 71.4 | 73.8 | 65.9 | 54.7 | 52.4 | 53.8 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Energy drinks (e.g., Red Bull, Monster) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6.7 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 2.8 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Plain water, with or without carbonation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 70.7 | 65.5 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Calorie-free, flavored water, with or without carbonation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 43.5 | 42.7 |  |  |
| 100\% fruit or vegetable juice |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 55.9 | 51.5 | 46.8 | 39.9 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Foods or beverages containing caffeine |  |  |  |  |  | 40.0 | 42.8 | 43.3 | 37.2 | 30.8 | 29.1 | 27.3 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Fruits (not fruit juice) |  |  |  |  |  | 21.0 | 27.7 | 31.1 | 24.7 | 23.4 | 20.2 | 22.0 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Non-fried vegetables (not vegetable juice) |  |  |  |  |  | 12.4 | 11.7 | 16.8 | 14.0 | 10.1 | 14.3 | 13.3 |  |  |
| Percentage of schools that do not sell less healthy foods and beverages (soda pop or fruit drinks, sports drinks, baked goods, salty snacks, candy) |  |  | 16.8 | 16.8 | 12.9 | 21.1 | 25.8 | 19.8 | 24.8 | 40.0 | 39.6 | 39.1 | $\uparrow$ |  |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

## Trend Analysis Report - Principal Survey

| Percentage of schools that have done any of the following during the current school year: | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2018-2020 } \\ \text { Change } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Priced nutritious foods and beverages at a lower cost while increasing the price of less nutritious foods and beverages |  |  |  |  |  | 10.6 | 7.5 | 9.4 | 9.0 | 10.3 | 12.5 | 14.6 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Collected suggestions from students, families, and school staff on nutritious food preferences and strategies to promote healthy eating |  |  |  |  |  | 55.6 | 50.9 | 45.5 | 42.1 | 43.0 | 41.5 | 41.4 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Provided information to students or families on the nutrition and caloric content of foods available |  |  |  |  |  | 47.6 | 33.1 | 39.6 | 52.4 | 44.5 | 38.3 | 45.0 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Conducted taste tests to determine food preferences for nutritious items |  |  |  |  |  | 6.1 | 12.3 | 16.4 | 18.9 | 19.6 | 23.5 | 27.0 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Served locally or regionally grown foods in the cafeteria or classrooms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50.7 | 58.9 | 500 | 63.8 | 60.7 | $\uparrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Planted a school food or vegetable garden |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21.5 | 24.7 | 25.8 | 35.6 | 29.2 | $\uparrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Placed fruits and vegetables near the cafeteria cashier, where they are easy to access |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 51.9 | 61.9 | 59.2 | 74.2 | 73.8 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Used attractive displays for fruits and vegetables in the cafeteria |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 57.7 | 65.7 | 65.0 | 72.2 | 71.7 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Offered a self-serve salad bar to students |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 70.0 | 75.3 | 76.9 | 85.0 | 85.7 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Encouraged students to drink plain water |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 79.6 | 83.4 | 90.2 | 88.9 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Prohibited school staff from giving students food or food coupons as a reward for good behavior or good academic performance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13.3 | 23.8 | 19.4 | 22.3 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Prohibited less nutritious foods and beverages (e.g., candy, baked goods) from being sold for fundraising purposes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16.4 | 28.9 | 28.7 | 25.7 | $\uparrow$ | $\downarrow$ |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Principal Survey

## Nutrition-Related Policies

| Percentage of schools that prohibit advertisements for candy, fast food restaurants, or soft drinks in the following locations: | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | 2018-2020 Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In school buildings |  |  |  |  |  | 51.1 | 51.9 | 49.7 | 46.3 | 57.5 | 62.7 | 61.2 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| On school grounds including on the outside of the school building, on playing fields, or other areas of the campus |  |  |  |  |  | 45.3 | 47.0 | 43.2 | 45.5 | 48.9 | 55.4 | 55.2 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| On school buses or other vehicles used to transport students |  |  |  |  |  | 70.9 | 63.7 | 59.7 | 61.6 | 62.3 | 69.4 | 67.7 |  |  |
| In school publications (e.g., newsletters, newspapers, web sites, other school publications) |  |  |  |  |  | 55.2 | 56.2 | 49.3 | 51.6 | 57.1 | 65.1 | 62.4 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| In curricula or other educational materials (including assignment books, school supplies, book covers, and electronic media) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 55.6 | 59.9 | 66.2 | 64.4 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Percentage of schools that permit students to have a drinking water bottle with them in either all locations or certain locations during the school day |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 98.1 | 96.8 | 97.0 | 99.6 | 98.3 | $\uparrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Percentage of schools that offer a free source of drinking water in the following locations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cafeteria during breakfast |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 92.2 | 90.7 | 90.6 | 92.7 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Cafeteria during lunch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 93.7 | 91.5 | 91.0 | 93.2 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Gymnasium or other indoor physical activity facilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 97.9 | 97.2 | 96.4 | 95.8 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Outdoor physical activity facilities and sports fields |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 82.3 | 64.9 | 72.3 | 69.1 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Hallways throughout the school |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 98.3 | 99.2 | 98.0 | 100.0 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

## Trend Analysis Report - Principal Survey

## Health Services

| Percentage of schools that have a full-time registered nurse who provides health services to students | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2018-2020 } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 16.2 | 11.9 | 14.9 | 15.2 | 15.5 | 14.2 | 14.0 |  |  |
| Percentage of schools that have a part-time registered nurse who provides health services to students |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 41.8 | 46.3 | 45.7 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Percentage of schools that have a school-based health center that offers health services to students |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9.5 | 11.3 | 15.0 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Percentage of schools that provide the following services to students: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HIV testing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1.6 | 0.8 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| HIV treatment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.4 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 0.8 | $\uparrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| STD testing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.4 | 0.4 | 2.0 | 0.8 | $\uparrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| STD treatment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.4 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 0.8 | $\uparrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Pregnancy testing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.8 | 2.9 | 1.5 | 2.9 | 1.2 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Provision of condoms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.6 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 3.3 | 2.1 |  | $\downarrow$ |
| Provision of condom-compatible lubricants (i.e., water- or silicone-based) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.3 | 1.2 | 2.9 | 1.2 |  | $\downarrow$ |
| Provision of contraceptives other than condoms (e.g., birth control pill, birth control shot, intrauterine device [IUD]) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.3 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 0.8 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Prenatal care |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.7 | 3.8 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.8 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine administration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5.7 | 4.9 | 4.4 | 6.5 | 2.5 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Assessment for alcohol or other drug use, abuse, or dependency |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 20.9 | 18.4 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Daily medication administration for students with chronic health conditions (e.g., asthma, diabetes) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 76.6 | 75.3 |  |  |
| Stock rescue or "as needed" medication for any student experiencing a health emergency (e.g., asthma episode, severe allergic reaction) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 69.7 | 67.9 |  |  |
| Case management for students with chronic health conditions (e.g., asthma, diabetes) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 56.6 | 57.1 |  |  |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Principal Survey

## Health Services

| Percentage of schools that provide students with referrals to any organizations or health care professionals not on | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | 2018-2020 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HIV testing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 44.6 | 46.4 | 31.2 | 37.9 | 28.2 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| HIV treatment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 45.1 | 33.8 | 44.0 | 34.0 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| nPEP (non-occupational post-exposure prophylaxis for HIV - a short course of medication given with 72 hours of exposure to infectious bodily fluids from a person known to be HIV positive) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 32.8 | 39.6 | 32.0 |  | $\downarrow$ |
| STD testing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48.4 | 31.5 | 38.0 | 29.6 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| STD treatment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 46.3 | 28.5 | 37.0 | 28.7 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Pregnancy testing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 45.6 | 51.2 | 31.8 | 38.3 | 30.5 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Provision of condoms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 33.5 | 39.6 | 26.5 | 32.2 | 24.6 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Provision of condom-compatible lubricants (i.e., water- or silicone-based) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 37.3 | 24.7 | 28.9 | 23.4 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Provision of contraceptives other than condoms (e.g., birth control pill, birth control shot, intrauterine device [IUD]) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 35.4 | 40.1 | 27.4 | 32.7 | 25.0 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Prenatal care |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 43.5 | 47.8 | 29.2 | 34.7 | 27.0 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine administration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40.1 | 43.9 | 38.1 | 44.4 | 35.5 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Alcohol or other drug abuse treatment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 57.0 | 54.0 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Percentage of schools that have a protocol that ensures students with a chronic condition that may require daily or emergency management (e.g., asthma, diabetes, food allergies) are enrolled in private, state, or federally funded insurance programs if eligible |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 60.6 | 64.3 | 52.3 | 50.5 | $\downarrow$ |  |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Principal Survey

## Health Services

| Percentage of schools that routinely use school records to identify and track students with a current diagnosis of the | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | 2018-2020 <br> Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Asthma |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 94.1 | 95.5 | 93.5 | 92.6 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Food allergies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 94.5 | 95.5 | 93.9 | 93.7 |  |  |
| Diabetes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 94.6 | 93.9 | 92.8 | 93.3 |  |  |
| Epilepsy or seizure disorder |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 93.1 | 95.5 | 92.4 | 92.2 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Obesity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30.3 | 25.0 | 32.9 | 20.1 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Hypertension/high blood pressure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 51.5 | 50.0 | 50.9 | 43.4 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Oral health condition (e.g., abscess, tooth decay) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 37.0 | 34.4 |  |  |
| Percentage of schools that provide referrals to any organizations or health care professionals not on school property for students diagnosed with or suspected to have the following chronic conditions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asthma |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 57.8 | 50.4 | 53.3 | 48.2 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Food allergies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 57.0 | 48.9 | 51.2 | 47.8 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Diabetes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 57.8 | 50.0 | 52.4 | 47.8 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Epilepsy or seizure disorder |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 56.1 | 49.6 | 51.6 | 47.8 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Obesity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 41.1 | 33.9 | 39.8 | 32.4 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Hypertension/high blood pressure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 49.8 | 41.8 | 43.9 | 39.5 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Oral health condition (e.g., abscess, tooth decay) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48.3 | 43.5 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

## Trend Analysis Report - Principal Survey

## Health Services

| Percentage of schools with the following practices regarding parental consent and notification when sexual | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2018-2020 } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| or repros |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| School does not provide any sexual or reproductive health services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 88.6 | 85.8 | 87.6 |  |  |
| Parental consent is required before any sexual or reproductive health services are provided |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8.7 | 8.2 | 7.4 |  |  |
| Parental consent is not required for sexual or reproductive health services and parents are provided with information about services provided only upon request |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.6 | 1.7 | 0.0 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Parental consent is not required for sexual or reproductive health services, but parents may be notified depending on the service provided |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0 | 1.8 | 3.8 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Parental consent is not required for sexual or reproductive health services, but parents are notified about all services provided |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.8 |  |  |
| Parental consent is not required for sexual or reproductive health services and parents are not notified about any services provided |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.4 | 1.7 | 0.4 |  | $\downarrow$ |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Principal Survey

## Health Services

| Percentage of schools with the following practices regarding parental consent and notification when sexual | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | 2018-2020 Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School does not refer any sexual or reproductive health services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 61.0 | 55.6 | 65.2 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Parental consent is required before any sexual or reproductive health services are referred |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.4 | 1.7 | 0.4 |  | $\downarrow$ |
| Parental consent is not required for sexual or reproductive health services and parents are provided with information about referrals provided only upon request |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.9 | 5.1 | 3.3 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Parental consent is not required for sexual or reproductive health services, but parents may be notified depending on the referral provided |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7.5 | 11.7 | 8.6 |  | $\downarrow$ |
| Parental consent is not required for sexual or reproductive health services, but parents are notified about all referrals provided |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.7 | 3.1 | 2.4 |  |  |
| Parental consent is not required for sexual or reproductive health services and parents are not notified about any referrals provided |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5.2 | 3.6 | 4.4 |  |  |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Principal Survey
Family and Community Involvement

| Percentage of schools that have done any of the following | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2018-2020 } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provided parents with information about how to monitor their teen |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 49.1 | 46.3 | 46.7 | 42.0 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Involved parents as school volunteers in the delivery of health education activities and services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 34.2 | 26.0 | 20.9 | 31.2 | $\downarrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Linked parents and families to health services and programs in the community |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 63.4 | 61.6 | 59.1 | 60.8 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Provided disease-specific education for parents and families of students with chronic health conditions (e.g., asthma, diabetes) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 33.6 | 29.3 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Percentage of schools in which students' families helped develop or implement policies and programs related to school health during the past two years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 36.1 | 38.4 | 34.2 | 35.6 |  |  |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

## Required Health Education

| Percentage of schools in which students take only one required health education course | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | 2018-2020 Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 14.3 | 19.5 | 15.1 | 11.9 | 15.5 | 11.7 | 7.0 | 9.8 | 7.5 | 12.7 | 9.4 | 10.9 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Percentage of schools in which students take two or more required health education courses | 61.7 | 63.5 | 75.4 | 72.5 | 79.3 | 86.1 | 92.4 | 89.4 | 90.7 | 85.1 | 89.0 | 88.2 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Percentage of schools that taught a required health education course in the following grades: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $6^{\text {th }}$ grade | 43.1 | 53.1 | 59.3 | 54.0 | 71.1 | 75.1 | 70.7 | 85.7 | 72.7 | 73.8 | 77.5 | 76.7 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| $7{ }^{\text {th }}$ grade | 63.8 | 70.0 | 83.5 | 72.9 | 85.9 | 91.2 | 91.2 | 92.8 | 91.392 .8 | 92.1 | 92.4 | 90.1 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| $8^{\text {th }}$ grade | 62.2 | 69.2 | 83.0 | 74.1 | 88.1 | 90.7 | 91.0 | 96.2 | 92.5 | 92.1 | 93.8 | 91.1 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| $9^{\text {th }}$ grade | 60.9 | 68.7 | 79.3 | 72.5 | 86.1 | 90.8 | 95.6 | 92.9 | 89.4 | 91.9 | 94.4 | 93.2 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| $10^{\text {th }}$ grade | 60.8 | 69.0 | 78.5 | 68.8 | 82.4 | 87.3 | 92.2 | 85.1 | 81.8 | 81.9 | 84.4 | 84.7 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| $11^{\text {th }}$ grade | 9.3 | 7.4 | 7.1 | 8.1 | 8.6 | 5.5 | 6.0 | 8.0 | 9.1 | 6.0 | 7.3 | 5.3 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| $12^{\text {th }}$ grade | 10.0 | 6.0 | 5.7 | 6.5 | 7.3 | 4.8 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 6.1 | 5.3 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Percentage of schools that required students who fail a required health education course to repeat it |  |  |  | 63.8 | 63.5 | 66.1 | 69.8 | 62.0 | 63.3 | 68.8 | 59.4 | 69.9 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Percentage of schools in which those who teach health education are provided with the following materials: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goals, objectives, and expected outcomes for health education |  |  |  |  |  | 94.4 | 86.4 | 87.1 | 88.1 | 84.3 | 73.6 | 80.2 | $\downarrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| A chart describing the annual scope and sequence of instruction for health education |  |  |  |  |  | 64.7 | 65.9 | 57.2 | 61.5 | 51.2 | 53.0 | 50.5 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Plans for how to assess student performance in health education |  |  |  |  |  | 69.8 | 66.5 | 59.7 | 66.7 | 60.6 | 50.2 | 60.0 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| A written health education curriculum |  |  |  |  |  | 86.6 | 84.8 | 81.7 | 82.2 | 73.6 | 67.6 | 66.9 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Percentage of schools in which health education instruction is required in any of grades 6 through 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 98.4 | 97.9 | 97.1 | 94.7 | 99.0 | 99.6 | $\uparrow$ |  |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

## Required Health Education

| Percentage of schools in which the health education | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2018-2020 } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Comprehending concepts related to health promotion and disease prevention to enhance health |  |  |  |  |  | 98.2 | 97.6 | 93.2 | 97.4 | 95.3 | 95.6 | 95.2 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Analyzing the influence of family, peers, culture, media, technology, and other factors on health behaviors |  |  |  |  |  | 96.2 | 95.6 | 94.0 | 95.6 | 95.3 | 93.3 | 94.2 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Accessing valid information and products and services to enhance health |  |  |  |  |  | 90.1 | 88.6 | 86.4 | 92.1 | 88.6 | 93.8 | 89.0 |  | $\downarrow$ |
| Using interpersonal communication skills to enhance health and avoid or reduce health risks |  |  |  |  |  | 93.6 | 93.3 | 89.7 | 96.1 | 94.8 | 92.4 | 94.6 |  |  |
| Using decision-making skills to enhance health |  |  |  |  |  | 93.7 | 98.5 | 96.6 | 97.9 | 94.9 | 95.6 | 94.5 |  |  |
| Using goal-setting skills to enhance health |  |  |  |  |  | 90.8 | 92.7 | 91.0 | 95.2 | 92.5 | 92.9 | 92.5 |  |  |
| Practicing health-enhancing behaviors to avoid or reduce risks |  |  |  |  |  | 96.6 | 97.5 | 96.6 | 97.0 | 95.8 | 94.8 | 96.0 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Advocating for personal, family, and community health |  |  |  |  |  | 89.9 | 92.0 | 87.3 | 92.0 | 91.2 | 89.7 | 89.8 |  |  |
| Percentage of schools in which those who teach sexual health education are provided with the following materials: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A written health education curriculum that includes objectives and content addressing sexual health education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 74.2 | 61.4 | 59.7 | 56.9 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Strategies that are age-appropriate, relevant, and actively engage students in learning |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 74.5 | 63.4 | 64.9 | 62.5 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Methods to assess student knowledge and skills related to sexual health education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 66.0 | 63.5 | 57.9 | 61.9 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Percentage of schools that provide curricula or supplementary materials that include HIV, STD, or pregnancy prevention information that is relevant to lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and questioning youth |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9.8 | 18.9 | 21.3 | 34.3 | 42.0 | 37.3 | $\uparrow$ | $\downarrow$ |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

## Required Health Education

| Percentage of schools in which teachers tried to increase student knowledge on the following topics in a required | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | 2018-2020 Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alcohol- or other drug-use prevention |  |  |  |  |  | 99.6 | 99.1 | 97.4 | 98.9 | 96.6 | 96.9 | 96.2 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Asthma |  |  |  |  |  | 45.8 | 60.6 | 50.5 | 62.8 | 56.9 | 59.7 | 57.4 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Chronic disease prevention |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 93.4 | 91.5 | 92.7 |  |  |
| Emotional and mental health |  |  |  |  |  | 95.2 | 90.3 | 94.5 | 94.6 | 91.0 | 91.4 | 96.3 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Epilepsy or seizure disorder |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 43.9 | 47.6 | 42.3 | 48.8 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Food allergies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 71.2 | 67.3 | 69.2 | 67.1 |  |  |
| Foodborne illness prevention |  |  |  |  |  | 75.8 | 77.7 | 77.0 | 77.7 | 66.7 | 70.1 | 68.9 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) prevention |  |  |  |  |  | 93.3 | 90.0 | 91.1 | 90.2 | 85.6 | 89.2 | 87.1 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Human sexuality |  |  |  |  |  | 86.0 | 85.0 | 88.6 | 84.0 | 75.2 | 83.2 | 74.3 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Infectious disease prevention (e.g., influenza) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 91.3 | 94.7 | 88.0 | 86.5 | 87.7 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Injury prevention and safety |  |  |  |  |  | 92.6 | 91.9 | 93.4 | 96.3 | 93.8 | 91.5 | 90.9 |  |  |
| Nutrition and dietary behavior |  |  |  |  |  | 97.8 | 99.5 | 99.6 | 97.8 | 98.3 | 98.1 | 98.6 |  |  |
| Physical activity and fitness |  |  |  |  |  | 100.0 | 99.6 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 99.1 |  | $\downarrow$ |
| Pregnancy prevention |  |  |  |  |  | 78.9 | 82.3 | 85.1 | 81.8 | 80.1 | 82.9 | 85.4 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Sexually transmitted disease (STD) prevention |  |  |  |  |  | 88.0 | 88.1 | 89.0 | 89.3 | 83.8 | 87.5 | 91.1 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Suicide prevention |  |  |  |  |  | 74.7 | 76.8 | 82.2 | 80.1 | 85.5 | 90.2 | 93.3 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Tobacco-use prevention |  |  |  |  |  | 99.6 | 98.2 | 98.4 | 97.8 | 96.2 | 95.4 | 94.1 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Violence prevention (e.g., bullying, fighting, dating violence prevention) |  |  |  |  |  | 93.6 | 90.2 | 96.2 | 96.8 | 96.4 | 93.0 | 97.3 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

## Tobacco-Use Prevention

| Percentage of schools in which teachers tried to increase student knowledge on the following tobacco-use | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2018-2020 } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| substances they contain |  |  |  |  |  | 95.7 | 95.1 | 93.6 | 93.3 | 90.4 | 91.7 | 90.3 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Identifying short- and long-term health consequences of tobacco product use |  |  |  |  |  | 95.8 | 97.2 | 96.6 | 94.9 | 92.1 | 93.1 | 89.7 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Identifying social, economic, and cosmetic consequences of tobacco product use |  |  |  |  |  | 89.8 | 93.2 | 91.9 | 91.8 | 88.4 | 86.9 | 85.6 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Understanding the addictive nature of nicotine |  |  |  |  |  | 95.1 | 94.6 | 94.0 | 94.9 | 92.5 | 92.1 | 89.7 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Effects of nicotine on the adolescent brain |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 81.4 | 78.7 | 83.6 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Effects of tobacco product use on athletic performance |  |  |  |  |  | 87.4 | 91.4 | 90.4 | 92.4 | 87.7 | 81.0 | 86.1 | $\downarrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Effects of second-hand smoke and benefits of a smokefree environment |  |  |  |  |  | 93.5 | 96.6 | 90.2 | 93.2 | 90.0 | 88.8 | 88.8 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Understanding the social influences on tobacco product use, including media, family, peers, and culture |  |  |  |  |  | 93.0 | 94.3 | 94.4 | 94.4 | 88.4 | 88.5 | 90.2 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Identifying reasons why students do and do not use tobacco products |  |  |  |  |  | 91.1 | 93.1 | 91.9 | 92.9 | 89.1 | 91.3 | 90.2 |  |  |
| Making accurate assessments of how many peers use tobacco products |  |  |  |  |  | 68.5 | 76.3 | 75.4 | 75.9 | 78.8 | 75.1 | 78.0 | $\uparrow$ |  |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

## Tobacco-Use Prevention



## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report－Health Education Teacher Survey

## Sexual Health－grades 6，7， 8

| Percentage of schools in which teachers taught the following sexual health topics in a required course for | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear <br> Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2018-2020 } \\ \text { Change } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| How HIV and other STDs are transmitted |  |  |  |  |  | 93.0 | 77.0 | 76.3 | 74.5 | 73.2 | 71.9 | 70.6 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Health consequences of HIV，other STDs，and pregnancy |  |  |  |  |  | 82.7 | 74.0 | 71.9 | 74.2 | 71.3 | 73.3 | 71.2 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| The benefits of being sexually abstinent |  |  |  |  |  | 80.1 | 77.2 | 76.3 | 79.1 | 79.5 | 73.3 | 69.4 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| How to access valid and reliable health information， products，and services related to HIV，other STDs，and pregnancy |  |  |  |  |  | 71.9 | 60.5 | 65.9 | 92.7 | 94.3 | 57.6 | 67.6 |  | 个 |
| The influences of family，peers，media，technology，and other factors on sexual risk behaviors |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 75.2 | 71.8 | 72.1 | 72.0 |  |  |
| Communication and negotiation skills related to eliminating or reducing risk for HIV，other STDs，and pregnancy |  |  |  |  |  | 72.6 | 62.7 | 66.6 | 67.8 | 68.4 | 66.8 | 65.9 |  |  |
| Goal－setting and decision－making skills related to eliminating or reducing risk for HIV，other STDs，and pregnancy |  |  |  |  |  | 67.8 | 63.3 | 69.0 | 70.4 | 63.0 | 62.6 | 61.7 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Influencing and supporting others to avoid or reduce sexual risk behaviors |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 68.5 | 65.3 | 66.1 | 68.8 |  |  |
| Efficacy of condoms，that is，how well condoms work and do not work |  |  |  |  |  |  | 43.8 | 45.5 | 32.8 | 41.8 | 46.3 | 51.5 | 个 |  |
| The importance of using condoms consistently and correctly |  |  |  |  |  |  | 35.8 | 38.7 | 33.7 | 35.3 | 37.8 | 45.0 | 个 | $\uparrow$ |
| How to obtain condoms |  |  |  |  |  |  | 17.8 | 22.2 | 20.2 | 27.8 | 30.9 | 42.0 | 1 | 1 |
| How to correctly use a condom |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11.3 | 11.1 | 15.7 | 19.0 | 19.5 | 32.5 | 1 | 1 |
| Methods of contraception other than condoms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 37.6 | 42.6 | 49.5 | 个 | 个 |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

## Sexual Health - grades 6, 7, 8

| Percentage of schools in which teachers taught the following sexual health topics in a required course for | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2018-2020 } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The importance of using a condom at the same time as another form of contraception to prevent both STDs and pregnancy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 31.8 | 34.5 | 36.4 | 40.8 | 52.1 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| How to create and sustain healthy and respectful relationships |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 67.1 | 78.8 | 74.6 | 79.3 | 80.1 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| The importance of limiting the number of sexual partners |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 59.7 | 55.6 | 55.1 | 57.5 |  |  |
| Preventive care (such as screenings and immunizations) that is necessary to maintain reproductive and sexual health |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 56.2 | 49.2 | 53.0 | 54.4 |  |  |
| The relationship between alcohol and other drug use and sexual risk behaviors |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 77.8 | 74.8 |  |  |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

Sexual Health - grades 9, 10, 11, or 12

| Percentage of schools in which teachers taught the following sexual health topics in a required course for | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | 2018-2020 Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| How HIV and other STDs are transmitted |  |  |  |  |  |  | 89.2 | 96.6 | 91.8 | 87.3 | 89.5 | 88.6 |  |  |
| Health consequences of HIV, other STDs, and pregnancy |  |  |  |  |  |  | 89.3 | 93.2 | 90.2 | 85.7 | 89.4 | 88.7 |  |  |
| The benefits of being sexually abstinent |  |  |  |  |  | 88.5 | 89.3 | 94.8 | 91.6 | 86.4 | 89.4 | 86.7 |  |  |
| How to access valid and reliable health information, products, and services related to HIV, other STDs, and pregnancy |  |  |  |  |  | 83.8 | 80.6 | 87.8 | 87.5 | 79.6 | 81.4 | 83.2 |  |  |
| The influences of family, peers, media, technology, and other factors on sexual risk behaviors |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 89.9 | 85.7 | 84.6 | 79.5 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Communication and negotiation skills related to eliminating or reducing risk for HIV, other STDs, and pregnancy |  |  |  |  |  | 81.7 | 80.3 | 85.6 | 87.7 | 78.9 | 85.7 | 84.3 |  |  |
| Goal-setting and decision-making skills related to eliminating or reducing risk for HIV, other STDs, and pregnancy |  |  |  |  |  | 76.6 | 76.5 | 86.0 | 83.6 | 78.0 | 81.4 | 75.1 |  | $\downarrow$ |
| Influencing and supporting others to avoid or reduce sexual risk behaviors |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 86.0 | 80.5 | 83.5 | 75.5 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Efficacy of condoms, that is, how well condoms work and do not work |  |  |  |  |  | 70.4 | 72.0 | 80.8 | 70.5 | 65.6 | 74.1 | 70.8 |  |  |
| The importance of using condoms consistently and correctly |  |  |  |  |  | 63.1 | 62.5 | 73.2 | 63.8 | 63.6 | 67.6 | 70.7 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| How to obtain condoms |  |  |  |  |  | 53.2 | 52.2 | 52.9 | 60.1 | 53.9 | 64.2 | 61.0 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| How to correctly use a condom |  |  |  |  |  |  | 39.9 | 40.8 | 50.1 | 41.3 | 56.4 | 57.1 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Methods of contraception other than condoms |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 68.2 | 70.4 | 73.8 | $\uparrow$ |  |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

Sexual Health - grades 9, 10, 11, or 12


## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

## Sexual Health - ASSESSMENT - grades 6, 7, or 8



## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

## Sexual Health - ASSESSMENT - grades 9, 10, 11, or 12



## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

## Nutrition

| Percentage of schools in which teachers taught the | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | 2018-2020 Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Benefits of healthy eating |  |  |  |  |  | 96.1 | 97.5 | 99.2 | 97.3 | 96.2 | 96.8 | 96.7 |  |  |
| Benefits of drinking plenty of water |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 97.3 | 96.7 | 96.1 | 96.1 |  |  |
| Benefits of eating breakfast every day |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 96.2 | 95.7 | 94.7 |  |  |
| Food guidance using the current Dietary Guidelines for Americans (e.g., MyPlate) |  |  |  |  |  | 91.2 | 96.2 | 95.5 | 91.4 | 91.7 | 91.3 | 89.6 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Differentiating between nutritious and non-nutritious beverages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 95.3 | 93.4 | 93.5 | 94.7 |  |  |
| Balancing food intake and physical activity |  |  |  |  |  | 95.7 | 96.7 | 97.9 | 96.5 | 96.3 | 96.3 | 94.3 |  | $\downarrow$ |
| Eating more fruits, vegetables, and whole grain products |  |  |  |  |  | 96.2 | 97.6 | 99.2 | 95.6 | 96.2 | 95.3 | 96.1 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Choosing foods and snacks that are low in solid fat (i.e., saturated and trans fat) |  |  |  |  |  | 94.5 | 96.1 | 96.6 | 94.4 | 90.9 | 89.6 | 93.7 | $\downarrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Choosing foods, snacks, and beverages that are low in added sugars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 94.4 | 93.8 | 92.1 | 95.7 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Choosing foods and snacks that are low in sodium |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 91.9 | 88.9 | 86.6 | 89.4 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Eating a variety of foods that are high in calcium |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 92.8 | 91.7 | 88.1 | 91.7 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Eating a variety of foods that are high in iron |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 88.9 | 86.4 | 85.1 | 87.3 |  |  |
| Food safety |  |  |  |  |  | 84.2 | 82.8 | 89.0 | 87.8 | 82.7 | 86.4 | 86.9 |  |  |
| Preparing healthy meals and snacks |  |  |  |  |  | 90.0 | 86.3 | 94.8 | 90.2 | 83.5 | 89.3 | 89.8 |  |  |
| Risks of unhealthy weight control practices |  |  |  |  |  | 93.7 | 93.2 | 93.8 | 94.5 | 93.8 | 92.0 | 93.3 |  |  |
| Accepting body size differences |  |  |  |  |  | 90.6 | 86.5 | 94.8 | 91.0 | 89.7 | 88.6 | 91.7 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Signs, symptoms, and treatment for eating disorders |  |  |  |  |  | 91.5 | 87.0 | 91.1 | 89.1 | 86.7 | 83.1 | 90.0 | $\downarrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Relationship between diet and chronic diseases |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 91.0 | 87.5 | 86.8 | 90.3 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Assessing body mass index (BMI) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 82.8 | 79.5 | 77.8 | 90.3 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| The influence of the media on dietary behaviors |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 90.5 | 92.7 |  |  |
| Food production, including how food is grown, harvested, processed, packaged, and transported |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 68.9 | 73.0 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

## Physical Activity

| Percentage of schools in which teachers taught the | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | 2018-2020 Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Short-term and long-term benefits of physical activity, including reducing the risks for chronic disease |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 97.8 | 97.1 | 97.2 | 94.8 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Mental and social benefits of physical activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 97.8 | 98.4 | 97.8 | 97.8 |  |  |
| Health-related fitness (i.e., cardiorespiratory endurance, muscular endurance, muscular strength, flexibility, and body composition) |  |  |  |  |  | 97.8 | 98.2 | 98.3 | 97.4 | 97.2 | 96.8 | 97.8 |  |  |
| Phases of a workout (i.e., warm-up, workout, cool down) |  |  |  |  |  | 97.6 | 97.6 | 98.7 | 96.0 | 97.1 | 96.8 | 98.0 |  |  |
| Recommended amounts and types of moderate, vigorous, muscle-strengthening, and bonestrengthening physical activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 92.7 | 91.8 | 94.0 | 95.1 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Decreasing sedentary activities (e.g., television viewing) |  |  |  |  |  | 88.6 | 94.9 | 93.1 | 96.6 | 96.8 | 94.5 | 97.7 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Preventing injury during physical activity |  |  |  |  |  | 96.1 | 93.3 | 94.9 | 97.4 | 96.7 | 96.4 | 95.8 |  |  |
| Weather-related safety (e.g., avoid heat stroke, hypothermia, and sunburn while physically active) |  |  |  |  |  | 85.3 | 81.6 | 88.5 | 90.8 | 90.2 | 86.4 | 91.0 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Dangers of using performance-enhancing drugs (e.g., steroids) |  |  |  |  |  | 88.8 | 87.9 | 85.8 | 87.6 | 89.0 | 80.4 | 83.2 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Increasing daily physical activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 97.8 | 99.6 | 97.6 | 98.7 |  |  |
| Incorporating physical activity into daily life (without relying on a structured exercise plan or special equipment) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 96.4 | 97.2 | 93.5 | 95.2 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Using safety equipment for specific physical activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 93.1 | 94.4 | 90.8 | 95.2 |  |  |
| Benefits of drinking water before, during, and after physical activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 96.1 | 98.8 | 98.1 | 98.2 | $\uparrow$ |  |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

## Collaboration

| Percentage of schools in which health education staff worked with the following groups on health education | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | 2018-2020 <br> Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical education staff |  | 82.8 | 86.1 | 81.9 | 85.4 | 88.5 | 82.7 | 81.7 | 85.9 | 81.6 | 82.6 | 79.5 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Health services staff (e.g., nurses) |  | 49.2 | 55.1 | 55.9 | 56.8 | 53.7 | 62.8 | 60.7 | 54.6 | 58.2 | 57.6 | 65.5 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Mental health or social services staff (e.g., psychologists, counselors, social workers) |  | 51.3 | 52.9 | 58.7 | 64.6 | 61.1 | 68.7 | 64.0 | 63.4 | 64.7 | 66.7 | 66.2 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Nutrition or food service staff |  | 18.2 | 26.1 | 28.4 | 39.4 | 42.1 | 36.3 | 43.3 | 41.4 | 37.6 | 30.9 | 37.3 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| School health council, committee, or team |  |  |  |  |  |  | 35.8 | 34.1 | 34.5 | 35.6 | 33.2 | 38.3 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Percentage of schools that provided parents and families with health information designed to increase parent and family knowledge during the current school year: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HIV, STD, or pregnancy prevention |  |  |  |  |  | 27.9 | 22.8 | 20.2 | 18.3 | 19.0 | 21.6 | 15.1 | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Tobacco-use prevention |  |  |  |  |  | 46.2 | 37.0 | 33.6 | 30.1 | 33.1 | 26.0 | 36.3 | $\downarrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Alcohol- or other drug-use prevention |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 33.0 | 23.7 | 29.1 | $\downarrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Physical activity |  |  |  |  |  | 46.8 | 42.2 | 38.6 | 41.4 | 41.6 | 33.6 | 32.5 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Nutrition and healthy eating |  |  |  |  |  | 41.0 | 43.0 | 40.0 | 40.5 | 43.7 | 32.9 | 35.4 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Asthma |  |  |  |  |  | 17.2 | 17.7 | 15.3 | 16.2 | 15.5 | 15.1 | 13.0 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Food allergies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24.1 | 26.3 | 25.3 | 23.5 |  |  |
| Diabetes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21.0 | 19.3 | 19.0 | 20.1 |  |  |
| Preventing student bullying and sexual harassment, including electronic aggression (i.e., cyber-bullying) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 63.9 | 62.7 | 53.4 | 58.1 | $\downarrow$ | 个 |
| Percentage of schools in which teachers have given students health education homework assignments or activities to do at home with their parents during the current school year: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 53.1 | 49.4 | 44.3 | 42.9 | $\downarrow$ |  |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

Professional Development

| Percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher received professional development on the | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | 2018-2020 Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alcohol- or other drug-use prevention |  | 44.0 | 57.4 | 53.7 | 70.0 | 52.0 | 40.8 | 44.8 | 34.6 | 39.6 | 32.8 | 43.8 | $\downarrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Asthma |  |  |  |  | 13.8 | 14.5 | 19.8 | 23.6 | 17.9 | 19.1 | 18.4 | 18.5 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Chronic disease prevention |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28.5 | 27.6 | 31.7 |  |  |
| Emotional and mental health |  | 27.4 | 30.5 | 31.9 | 38.9 | 34.1 | 32.2 | 31.9 | 32.0 | 45.6 | 46.9 | 65.3 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Epilepsy or seizure disorder |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13.2 | 16.2 | 19.5 | 19.4 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Food allergies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21.7 | 22.3 | 21.1 | 20.3 |  |  |
| Foodborne illness prevention |  |  |  |  | 21.3 | 18.0 | 19.9 | 20.5 | 14.0 | 18.8 | 20.0 | 19.0 |  |  |
| HIV prevention |  | 51.6 | 54.3 | 51.7 | 44.8 | 36.9 | 39.4 | 46.4 | 33.8 | 21.2 | 22.6 | 20.8 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Human sexuality |  | 28.2 | 35.0 | 29.5 | 27.1 | 29.7 | 29.8 | 36.2 | 26.8 | 18.7 | 22.1 | 25.2 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Infectious disease prevention (e.g., flu prevention) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 43.7 | 31.2 | 28.5 | 30.4 | 31.6 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Injury prevention and safety |  | 45.7 | 48.2 | 52.0 | 47.9 | 52.8 | 51.2 | 50.7 | 37.0 | 45.2 | 40.2 | 54.4 | $\downarrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Nutrition and dietary behavior |  | 30.8 | 31.5 | 37.6 | 34.5 | 41.8 | 32.6 | 36.3 | 30.2 | 31.9 | 28.5 | 34.8 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Physical activity and fitness |  | 48.4 | 46.6 | 55.3 | 51.9 | 58.4 | 56.4 | 52.7 | 47.1 | 53.5 | 48.6 | 47.0 |  |  |
| Pregnancy prevention |  | 25.1 | 26.2 | 27.7 | 23.4 | 20.3 | 28.5 | 26.0 | 24.7 | 15.2 | 17.3 | 16.5 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| STD prevention |  | 39.4 | 38.1 | 40.1 | 33.2 | 29.7 | 33.9 | 37.3 | 29.1 | 18.4 | 18.1 | 19.3 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Suicide prevention |  |  | 21.6 | 27.9 | 30.7 | 32.2 | 38.9 | 35.4 | 32.7 | 48.3 | 61.4 | 64.6 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Tobacco-use prevention |  | 36.8 | 57.1 | 40.8 | 39.4 | 42.5 | 33.2 | 34.7 | 27.3 | 35.9 | 31.6 | 48.6 | $\downarrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Violence prevention (e.g., bullying, fighting, dating violence prevention) |  | 50.5 | 51.2 | 52.3 | 58.6 | 53.3 | 52.6 | 65.3 | 51.0 | 52.5 | 47.5 | 53.8 |  | $\uparrow$ |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

## Professional Development

| Percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher received professional development on the | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2018-2020 } \\ \text { Change } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Teaching students with physical, medical, or cognitive disabilities |  | 32.8 | 31.4 | 35.2 | 43.6 | 31.7 | 23.0 | 27.5 | 30.9 | 38.8 | 38.2 | 48.7 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Teaching students of various cultural backgrounds |  | 24.1 | 21.4 | 24.3 | 33.0 | 38.2 | 33.0 | 39.5 | 30.3 | 37.0 | 34.4 | 34.2 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Teaching students with limited English proficiency |  | 4.0 | 3.5 | 10.8 | 8.8 | 10.6 | 8.2 | 9.0 | 7.0 | 13.0 | 10.6 | 15.4 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Using interactive teaching methods (e.g., role plays, cooperative group activities) |  | 48.8 | 50.5 | 44.8 | 45.2 | 39.9 | 49.3 | 51.4 | 46.3 | 48.2 | 41.8 | 49.8 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Encouraging family or community involvement |  | 32.2 | 31.6 | 32.9 | 35.8 | 32.7 | 32.8 | 31.2 | 30.4 | 33.0 | 28.1 | 38.2 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Teaching skills for behavior change |  | 43.8 | 46.0 | 51.0 | 52.7 | 47.0 | 38.3 | 44.3 | 33.9 | 39.4 | 34.6 | 52.7 | $\downarrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Classroom management techniques (e.g., social skills training, environmental modification, conflict resolution and mediation, behavior management) |  |  |  |  | 57.2 | 52.2 | 50.8 | 56.7 | 52.2 | 54.9 | 49.2 | 61.6 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Assessing or evaluating students in health education |  |  |  |  | 34.6 | 30.5 | 28.2 | 28.2 | 25.5 | 29.6 | 30.8 | 31.8 |  |  |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

## Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

## Professional Development - Sexual Health

| Percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher received professional development on the | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2018-2020 } \\ \text { Change } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Aligning lessons and materials with the district scope and sequence for sexual health education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 20.4 | 27.2 | 22.6 |  | $\downarrow$ |
| Creating a comfortable and safe learning environment for students receiving sexual health education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21.7 | 25.3 | 26.0 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Connecting students to on-site or community-based sexual health services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15.1 | 24.1 | 18.0 |  | $\downarrow$ |
| Using a variety of effective instructional strategies to deliver sexual health education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18.7 | 24.2 | 20.1 |  | $\downarrow$ |
| Building student skills in HIV, other STD, and pregnancy prevention |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 20.3 | 23.7 | 20.4 |  |  |
| Assessing student knowledge and skills in sexual health education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 20.5 | 24.7 | 18.6 |  | $\downarrow$ |
| Understanding current district or school board policies or curriculum guidance regarding sexual health education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21.9 | 26.3 | 21.9 |  | $\downarrow$ |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

Professional Development - would like to receive

| Percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher would like to receive professional development | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | 2018-2020 Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alcohol- or other drug-use prevention |  | 68.4 | 65.3 | 67.7 | 71.8 | 78.5 | 70.2 | 74.3 | 68.4 | 73.0 | 64.8 | 76.8 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Asthma |  |  |  |  | 61.2 | 69.3 | 58.6 | 61.0 | 50.6 | 54.9 | 46.7 | 53.9 | $\downarrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Chronic disease prevention |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 71.1 | 61.2 | 67.1 | $\downarrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Emotional and mental health |  | 61.4 | 67.8 | 65.6 | 70.7 | 75.7 | 65.6 | 67.2 | 65.5 | 72.8 | 74.2 | 80.5 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Epilepsy or seizure disorder |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48.1 | 52.6 | 47.5 | 60.6 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Food allergies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 51.4 | 51.8 | 50.3 | 55.6 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Foodborne illness prevention |  |  |  |  | 49.8 | 54.5 | 46.8 | 48.0 | 47.2 | 45.2 | 45.8 | 52.7 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| HIV prevention |  | 65.3 | 64.2 | 59.7 | 62.4 | 72.0 | 66.3 | 63.8 | 63.3 | 63.8 | 60.3 | 67.2 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Human sexuality |  | 55.1 | 58.4 | 53.5 | 56.1 | 72.8 | 65.5 | 62.7 | 64.8 | 70.5 | 61.9 | 77.4 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Infectious disease prevention (e.g., flu prevention) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 55.6 | 54.0 | 61.9 | 58.3 | 64.7 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Injury prevention and safety |  | 50.8 | 49.8 | 43.9 | 62.4 | 67.0 | 62.8 | 61.1 | 56.0 | 61.5 | 58.0 | 66.7 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Nutrition and dietary behavior |  | 67.1 | 66.6 | 63.6 | 73.9 | 78.7 | 76.5 | 69.8 | 73.2 | 76.9 | 68.0 | 78.9 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Physical activity and fitness |  | 62.7 | 66.0 | 60.5 | 71.5 | 75.5 | 74.2 | 70.2 | 67.0 | 71.3 | 66.3 | 71.8 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Pregnancy prevention |  | 59.2 | 54.6 | 51.2 | 57.1 | 64.6 | 58.1 | 65.0 | 55.4 | 62.0 | 58.9 | 61.5 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| STD prevention |  | 64.5 | 62.8 | 57.0 | 61.5 | 71.4 | 62.6 | 63.2 | 63.4 | 68.1 | 63.6 | 66.4 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Suicide prevention |  | 73.5 | 74.2 | 74.4 | 71.7 | 80.3 | 70.3 | 75.5 | 72.1 | 76.1 | 74.4 | 77.6 |  |  |
| Tobacco-use prevention |  | 66.4 | 60.4 | 61.0 | 59.9 | 66.4 | 61.3 | 66.2 | 66.2 | 67.6 | 63.0 | 74.8 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Violence prevention (e.g., bullying, fighting, dating violence prevention) |  |  | 74.6 | 75.9 | 72.1 | 77.4 | 75.0 | 76.6 | 74.0 | 76.5 | 69.8 | 80.6 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

## Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

## Professional Development - would like to receive

| Percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher would like to receive professional development | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | 2018-2020 Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Teaching students with physical, medical, or cognitive disabilities |  | 62.1 | 57.9 | 53.7 | 61.5 | 60.4 | 57.1 | 61.1 | 63.4 | 65.3 | 63.7 | 72.8 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Teaching students of various cultural backgrounds |  | 43.9 | 43.6 | 39.6 | 43.7 | 47.2 | 44.4 | 45.9 | 49.2 | 53.9 | 52.7 | 65.4 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Teaching students with limited English proficiency |  | 35.6 | 34.8 | 29.8 | 34.9 | 35.4 | 31.6 | 33.3 | 42.3 | 37.8 | 39.6 | 50.6 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Using interactive teaching methods (e.g., role plays, cooperative group activities) |  | 64.8 | 63.3 | 55.1 | 60.9 | 66.5 | 65.4 | 59.0 | 60.0 | 67.2 | 67.8 | 68.9 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Encouraging family or community involvement |  | 67.6 | 66.2 | 61.2 | 62.3 | 70.3 | 65.6 | 66.4 | 63.0 | 67.0 | 67.9 | 75.2 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Teaching skills for behavior change |  | 75.1 | 78.2 | 70.6 | 79.4 | 75.2 | 76.4 | 70.4 | 72.7 | 70.9 | 74.9 | 78.1 |  |  |
| Classroom management techniques (e.g., social skills training, environmental modification, conflict resolution and mediation, behavior management) |  |  |  |  | 74.0 | 68.0 | 70.2 | 64.6 | 62.2 | 68.5 | 65.1 | 70.8 | $\downarrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Assessing or evaluating students in health education |  |  |  |  | 71.1 | 79.7 | 72.3 | 72.9 | 73.2 | 70.7 | 70.1 | 78.4 |  | $\uparrow$ |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

## Professional Development/Sexual Health - would like to receive

| Percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher received professional development on the | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | Linear Change | 2018-2020 Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Aligning lessons and materials with the district scope and sequence for sexual health education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 64.1 | 60.4 | 62.2 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Creating a comfortable and safe learning environment for students receiving sexual health education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 61.5 | 64.9 | 68.6 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Connecting students to on-site or community-based sexual health services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 59.7 | 62.0 | 64.3 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Using a variety of effective instructional strategies to deliver sexual health education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 72.5 | 73.7 | 76.6 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| Building student skills in HIV, other STD, and pregnancy prevention |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 66.8 | 64.9 | 70.7 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Assessing student knowledge and skills in sexual health education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 65.5 | 67.0 | 73.0 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Understanding current district or school board policies or curriculum guidance regarding sexual health education |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 64.8 | 65.0 | 68.0 |  |  |

## 2020 Montana Profiles

Trend Analysis Report - Health Education Teacher Survey

## Professional Preparation

| Percentage of schools in which major emphasis of the health education teacher's professional preparation was | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 | 2018 | 2020 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Linear } \\ \text { Change } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2018-2020 Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Health education or health and physical education combined | 55.1 | 60.9 | 65.6 | 71.7 | 65.4 | 71.1 | 72.2 | 80.8 | 75.5 | 73.1 | 78.2 | 74.7 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Physical education, kinesiology, exercise science or exercise physiology | 22.3 | 14.9 | 11.1 | 10.6 | 12.4 | 10.8 | 12.1 | 10.3 | 9.0 | 14.5 | 5.6 | 10.1 | $\downarrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| Home economics of family and consumer science, biology or other science, or nutrition | 2.9 | 8.4 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 4.4 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 1.4 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Nursing or counseling | 17.2 | 0.8 | 2.7 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.4 | $\downarrow$ |  |
| Public health or other | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 1.3 | 2.9 | 1.7 | 0.4 | 1.8 | 0.4 | 1.8 | 2.8 |  |  |
| Percentage of schools in which the lead health education teacher had the following number of years of experience in teaching health education courses or topics: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 year | 7.9 | 13.3 | 8.4 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 4.2 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 9.5 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 12.8 |  | $\uparrow$ |
| 2 to 5 years | 25.7 | 23.4 | 21.7 | 25.7 | 20.2 | 23.8 | 20.5 | 20.2 | 18.8 | 24.9 | 23.8 | 22.2 |  |  |
| 6 to 9 years | 19.2 | 16.8 | 17.0 | 14.6 | 17.5 | 14.6 | 15.4 | 12.8 | 13.5 | 16.6 |  |  | $\downarrow$ |  |
| 10 to 14 years | 14.1 | 14.4 | 14.6 | 16.9 | 18.3 | 21.5 | 16.7 | 19.9 | 13.7 | 13.4 | 10.8 | 8.5 | $\uparrow$ |  |
| 15 years or more | 33.1 | 32.2 | 38.3 | 36.8 | 37.9 | 33.8 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 42.6 | 41.9 | 44.9 | 39.9 | $\uparrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| Percentage of schools in which the health education teacher was certified, licensed, or endorsed by the state to teach health education in middle school or high school |  |  |  |  | 90.8 | 95.5 | 94.0 | 96.7 | 97.2 | 96.6 | 96.1 | 96.5 | $\uparrow$ |  |

