Montana School Accreditation

Standards & Procedures Manual

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STANDARDS OF ACCREDITATION

ARM CHAPTER 55

GENERAL PROVISIONS

The state board of public education is responsible for establishing and maintaining standards for all public schools in Montana. The standards guarantee students the benefits of attendance in accredited schools and provide a basis for transfer. The accreditation standards are reviewed regularly and published annually.

10.55.601 Accreditation Standards: Procedures

(1) The Board of Public Education adopts standards of accreditation upon the recommendation of the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

(2) The Board of Public Education and the Superintendent of Public Instruction establish procedures and schedules for reviewing the accreditation status of each school.

(3) To ensure continuous education improvement, the school district and each of its schools shall develop, implement, and evaluate continuous school improvement plans and make the plans publically available. These plans shall be reviewed on a yearly basis to reflect a continuous improvement process.

(a) Each plan shall include:
   (i) a school district level education profile;
   (ii) the school district’s educational goals pursuant to the requirements of ARM 10.55.701;
   (iii) a description of planned progress toward implementing all content and program area standards, in accordance with the schedule in ARM 10.55.603;
   (iv) a description of strategies for assessing student progress toward meeting all content standards, pursuant to the requirements of ARM 10.55.603 and ARM 10.56.101; and
   (v) a professional development component, in accordance with ARM 10.55.714.

(b) The local board of trustees shall report and submit their adopted continuous school improvement plan with the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

(c) The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall develop and implement procedures necessary to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of the implementation of the continuous improvement plan of each school district and its schools.

10.55.602 Definitions
For the purposes of this chapter, the following terms apply:

(1) "Accreditation" means certification by the Board of Public Education that a school meets the adopted standards of the Board of Public Education for a specified school year.

(2) "Assessment" means the gathering, organizing, and evaluation of information about student learning in order to monitor and measure the effectiveness of the instructional program.

(3) "Assurance standards" means the minimal standards of a quality education program comprised of the following subchapters:
   (a) Subchapter 6, General Provisions, ARM 10.55.601 through 10.55.607;
   (b) Subchapter 7, School Leadership, ARM 10.55.701 through 10.55.719;
   (c) Subchapter 8, Academic Requirements, ARM 10.55.801 through 10.55.805;
   (d) Subchapter 9, Educational Opportunity, ARM 10.55.901 through 10.55.910; and
   (e) Subchapter 10, Program Area Standards, ARM 10.55.1001 through 10.55.1003.

(4) "Asynchronous" means not occurring at the same time. "Asynchronous" refers to instruction and communication between participants (i.e., students and teachers) that occurs at different times.

(5) "At-risk student" means any student who is affected by environmental conditions that negatively impact the student’s educational performance or threaten a student’s likelihood of promotion or graduation, as defined in 20-1-101(4), MCA.

(6) "Class 8 license" means an educator license as defined in ARM 10.57.102.

(7) "Combined elementary-high school district" means an elementary district and a high school district, which are combined into a single school system for district administration purposes.

(8) "Content standard" means what all students should know, understand, and be able to do in a specific content area.

(9) "Corrective plan" means a systematic procedure and timeline for resolving deviations from regular accreditation status.

(10) "Deviation" means a citation of non-compliance with any given standard.

(11) "Digital content provider" means an entity, organization, or individual registered pursuant to ARM 10.55.907 offering K-12 educational content for distance, online, and technology-delivered programs and courses.

(12) "Distance learning" means instruction in which students and teachers are separated by time and/or location with synchronous or asynchronous content, instruction, and communication between student and teacher. This instruction may consist of learning opportunities provided through online (Internet-based) and other emerging technologies.

(13) "Dual enrollment/dual credit" means opportunities for high school students to be enrolled in high school and postsecondary courses at the same time. There are three categories of such opportunities:
   (a) "College credit only" means students receive college credit for courses taken from a postsecondary institution but do not receive high school credit. Students may or may not be taking these courses during the school day.
   (b) "Dual credit" means students receive both college credit and high school credit for courses taken from a postsecondary institution. Students may or may not be taking these courses during the school day. The faculty member must have an appropriate K-12 license and endorsement in the subject taught or a Class 8 license.
   (c) "Concurrent enrollment" means the district offers these courses during the school day and they are taught by district high school faculty who have been approved by the post-secondary institution...
to teach these college level courses. Students receive both high school and college credit for the completed course.

(14) "Endorsement" means an official indication on a license of the subject area(s) and/or specialized program area(s) for which the holder of the license is authorized to practice in Montana accredited schools.

(15) "Facilitator" means the individual assigned to monitor distance, online, and technology-delivered learning programs pursuant to ARM 10.55.907. The facilitator may be an instructional paraprofessional as long as there is a licensed teacher providing the instruction.

(16) "Independent elementary school district" means a district organized for the purpose of providing public education for all or any combination of grades kindergarten through 8.

(17) "Indian Education for All" means the constitutionally declared policy of this state to recognize the distinct and unique cultural heritage of American Indians and to be committed in its educational goals to the preservation of their cultural heritage. Implementation of these requirements ensures:

(a) every Montanan, Indian or non-Indian, is encouraged to learn about the distinct heritage and contributions of Montana tribal groups and governments in a culturally responsive manner; and

(b) every educational agency shall work cooperatively with Montana tribes to provide means by which school personnel will gain an understanding of and appreciation for American Indian people.

(18) "Instructional paraprofessional" means school or district personnel whose positions are instructional in nature and who work under the direct supervision of licensed school personnel. The supervising licensed school personnel are responsible for:

(a) the design, implementation, and assessment of learner progress; and

(b) the evaluation of the effectiveness of learning programs and related services for children.

(19) "Intensive assistance" means a required process for schools in continuous or serious deficiency accreditation status. Such schools have failed to develop or implement an approved corrective plan to remedy accreditation deviations within the designated timeline.

(20) "Internship" as provided for in ARM 10.55.607 means an agreement between a fully licensed Class 1, 2, or 3 educator, the school district, and a Montana accredited educator preparation program. Internships are permitted in endorsement areas approved by the Board of Public Education in ARM 10.57.412 and 10.57.413.

(21) "K-12 district" as defined in 20-6-701, MCA means an elementary district, with the same district boundaries as a high school district, which has been attached to that high school district. The high school district remains an organized district and the elementary district is an inactive district pursuant to 20-6-101, MCA.

(22) "Learning progression" means the specific performance expectations in each content area at each grade level from kindergarten through grade 12.

(23) "Licensure" means certification of an educator/specialist as issued by the state of Montana, based on completion of an approved educator preparation program. Licensure indicates grade level(s), endorsement(s), and classification.

(24) "Literacy" means learning to read, write, speak, listen, and use language effectively.

(25) "Middle grades" means grades 4 through 9.

(26) "Minimum aggregate hours" means the minimum hours of pupil instruction that must be conducted during the school fiscal year in accordance with 20-1-301, MCA and includes passing time between classes. Minimum aggregate hours does not include lunch time and periods of unstructured recess, as defined in 20-1-101, MCA.

(27) "Misassignment" means a licensed educator/specialist teaching outside their endorsed teaching area(s) and/or level (elementary K-8 and secondary 5-12).
(28) "Nonaccredited status" means previously accredited school which failed to meet the requirements of intensive assistance and is out of compliance with the Board of Public Education standards of accreditation.
(29) "Nonlicensed" means a person who does not hold a current Montana educator license, except for a person for whom an emergency authorization of employment has been issued under the provisions of 20-4-111, MCA.
(30) "Online learning" means educational activity in which instruction and content are delivered primarily via the Internet and through emerging technologies. Online learning is a form of distance learning.
(31) "Principal" means a person who holds a valid Montana Class 3 educator license with an applicable principal endorsement and who is employed by a district as a principal, or who is enrolled in a Board of Public Education approved principal internship program under ARM 10.55.607.
(32) "Program area standards" means the subject matter Montana school districts are required to offer and the strategies and proven practices used to instruct. The program area standards include: English language arts, arts, health enhancement, mathematics, science, social studies, career and technical education, technology, workplace competencies, library media, world languages, and school counseling.
(33) "Program delivery standards" means the conditions and practices school districts are required to provide ensuring that every student is afforded educational opportunities to learn, develop, and demonstrate achievement in content standards and content-specific grade-level learning progressions.
(34) "Pupil instruction day" means a school day when organized instruction is conducted with students under the supervision of a teacher.
(35) "Pupil instruction-related (PIR) day" means days of teacher activities devoted to improving the quality of instruction. The activities may include, but are not limited to: in-service training, attending state meetings of teacher organizations, and conducting parent conferences.
(36) "School" means, for accreditation purposes, an educational program and grade assignments designated by the local board of trustees in one of the following categories:
(a) an elementary school, which offers any combination of kindergarten through eighth grade;
(b) a seventh and eighth grade school, which comprises the basic education program for grades 7 and 8 that may be funded at the high school rate pursuant to 20-9-396, MCA;
(c) a junior high school, which offers the basic education program for grades 7 through 9;
(d) a middle school, which offers education programs for grades 4 through 8 or any combination thereof; and
(e) a high school, which offers the educational programs for grades 9 through 12 or grades 10 through 12 when operating in conjunction with a junior high school.
(37) "School administrator" means a person who is a part of the school's administrative or supervisory staff and who holds a Class 3 license and is appropriately endorsed, or who is enrolled in a Board of Public Education approved administrator internship program under ARM 10.55.607.
(38) "School district" means the territory, regardless of county boundaries, organized under the provisions of Title 20, MCA to provide public educational services under the jurisdiction of the local board of trustees. A high school district may encompass all or parts of the territory of one or more elementary districts. "School district" shall refer to all state-funded special purpose schools that are accredited under this chapter.
(39) "School system" means the administrative unit of a district or combination of districts. In Montana, types of school systems are as follows:
(a) "combined elementary-high school district" means an elementary district and a high school district which are combined into a single school system for district administration purposes.
(b) "independent high school district" means a district organized for the purpose of providing public education for all or any combination of grades 9 through 12; and
(c) "independent elementary school district" means a district organized for the purpose of providing public education for all or any combination of grades kindergarten through grade 8.
(40) "Specialist" means a person with a Class 6 Specialist license in a nonteaching role of school psychologist or school counselor.
(41) "Student performance standards" means minimal standards of a quality education, which measures student performance on annual state level summative assessments and graduation rates used to determine the accreditation status of a school.
(42) "Superintendent" means a person who holds a valid Montana Class 3 educator license, with an applicable superintendent's endorsement and who is employed by a district as a district superintendent, or who is enrolled in a Board of Public Education approved superintendent internship program under ARM 10.55.607.
(43) "Synchronous" means occurring at the same time. "Synchronous" refers to instruction and communication between participants (i.e., students and teachers) that occurs at the same time even though they may be in different physical locations. For example, instruction in which students and teachers are online at the same time so that a question can be immediately answered (e.g., telephone calls, face-to-face meetings, physical classrooms, chat rooms, and videoconferencing).
(44) "Teacher" means a person, except a district superintendent, who holds a valid Montana educator license issued by the Superintendent of Public Instruction under the policies adopted by the Board of Public Education and who is employed by a district as a member of its instructional, supervisory, or administrative staff. This definition of a teacher includes a person for whom an emergency authorization of employment has been issued under the provisions of 20-4-111, MCA.
(45) "Technology delivered learning" means instruction and content delivered via digital technologies (e.g., online, CD-ROM, DVD-ROM, or learning experiences that involve primarily the use of computers).

**10.55.603 Curriculum and Assessment**
(1) Local school districts shall ensure their curriculum is aligned to all content standards and the appropriate learning progression for each grade level.
(2) School districts shall maintain their programs consistent with the state's schedule for revising standards.
(3) School districts shall assess the progress of all students toward achieving content standards and content-specific grade-level learning progressions in each program area. The district shall use assessment results, including state-level achievement information obtained by administration of assessments pursuant to ARM 10.56.101 to examine the educational program and measure its effectiveness.
(a) The examination of program effectiveness using assessment results shall be supplemented with information about graduates and other students no longer in attendance.
(b) The information obtained shall be considered in curriculum and assessment development.

(4) For content standards in all program areas pursuant to the requirements of ARM 10.55.602, school districts shall:

(a) establish curriculum and assessment development processes as a cooperative effort of personnel licensed and endorsed in the program area and trustees, administrators, other teachers, students, specialists, parents, community, and, when appropriate, tribal representatives and state resource people;

(b) review curricula at least every five years or consistent with the state's standards revision schedule, and modify, as needed, to meet educational goals of the continuous school improvement plan pursuant to ARM 10.55.601;

(c) review materials and resources necessary for implementation of the curriculum and assessment at least every five years, or consistent with the state's standards revision schedule that are consistent with the goals of the continuous school improvement plan; and

(d) review curricula and instructional materials and resources to ensure the inclusion of the distinct and unique cultural heritage and contemporary portrayal of American Indians.

(5) The school district shall develop and implement its assessment plan used to measure student progress ensuring alignment to the local curriculum in all program areas.

(a) The assessment plans shall be included in the continuous school improvement plan and be in place within two years following the development of local curriculum.

(b) School districts shall use appropriate multiple measures and methods, including state-level achievement information obtained by administration of assessments pursuant to the requirements of ARM 10.56.101, to assess student progress in achieving content standards and content-specific grade-level learning progressions in all program areas.

(c) The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall develop criteria and procedures for the selection of appropriate multiple measures and methods to be used to assess student progress in achieving content and appropriate content-specific grade-level learning progressions in all program areas.


10.55.604 Variances to Standards

(1) A local board of trustees may apply to the Board of Public Education through the Superintendent of Public Instruction to implement a variance to a standard or a section of standards, excluding standards stating statutory criteria, standards pertaining to educator licensure or endorsement, and content standards as defined by the Board of Public Education and provided in guidance from the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

(a) In its application, the local board of trustees shall outline how and why its proposed variance would be workable, educationally sound, and designed to meet or exceed results under established standards and, where applicable, aligned with program standards under ARM 10.55.1101 through 10.55.1901.

(b) In its application, the school district shall provide evidence through official minutes of the board of trustees that local school community stakeholders were involved in the consideration and development of the proposed variance to standards.  Stakeholder groups include trustees,
administrators, teachers, classified school staff, parents, community members, and students as applicable. A district shall provide evidence it adopted its application for variance at an official, properly noticed meeting of its board of trustees.

(c) An application for variance to standards to take effect at the beginning of the academic year is due in writing to the Superintendent of Public Instruction no later than the first Monday in March. An application for variance to standards to take effect the second semester of the academic year is due in writing to the Superintendent of Public Instruction no later than the first Monday in July.

(d) Upon receipt, the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall refer applications for variance to standards to a pre-appointed review board. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall facilitate and provide organizational support for the meetings of the review board.

(i) The review board shall consist of the following, appointed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction from a list of qualifying individuals jointly endorsed by MEA-MFT, Montana Rural Education Association (MREA), Montana Small Schools Alliance (MSSA), School Administrators of Montana (SAM), and Montana School Boards Association (MTSBA): one trustee, one district superintendent, one high school principal, one elementary principal, two high school teachers, and two elementary school teachers.

(ii) As needed, the review board shall seek advice from experts.

(A) The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall solicit a pool of experts from curriculum groups and educational associations to serve "on call" in an advisory capacity.

(B) The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall notify the review board of the pool participants with rationale and present them for review board approval.

(c) The review board shall notify the Superintendent of Public Instruction when and what type of experts are needed.

(D) The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall notify the appropriate pool of experts of this needed input and arrange for the pool member(s) to advise the committee.

(iii) The review board members shall serve five year terms with no limit to the number of terms any one person may serve. Terms shall be staggered where half of all positions shall be filled every three years prior to the first meeting of the review board in the third year.

(e) The review board shall review all applications and use a uniform rubric, made available to districts in advance of applying to implement a variance to a standard or section of standards. The uniform rubric will ensure consistent and high quality applications from school districts across Montana.

(f) The review board shall provide its recommendations to the Superintendent of Public Instruction with a recommendation for approval, modification, or rejection of the review board's recommendation within 60 calendar days of the review board being referred an application.

(g) The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall provide the Board of Public Education with a recommendation for approval, modification, or rejection of the review board's recommendation.

(h) If the Superintendent of Public Instruction or review board finds an application to be preliminarily deficient, the superintendent shall advise the applicant school district why that application is not ready for consideration. The applicant district shall have the opportunity to change its application as suggested or submit it as originally proposed.

(2) The Board of Public Education shall approve or deny proposed variances to standards. If the board denies a proposed variance to standards, it shall remit in writing to the applicant school district why it has done so.

(3) If the Board of Public Education approves a proposed variance to standards, it shall initially do so for no more than two years pending ongoing review of the implementation by the Superintendent of Public Instruction.
(4) Following the second year of implementation of a variance to standards, the school district shall provide evidence to the Superintendent of Public Instruction that the methods selected by the district implement, meet, or exceed results that could have been achieved under established standards.

(5) If the Superintendent of Public Instruction finds the variance is workable and educationally sound, the Superintendent shall report findings and recommend continued approval to the Board of Public Education.

(6) If the Board of Public Education concurs with the Superintendent's recommendation, it may renew the variance for no more than three years.

(7) The Board of Public Education may subsequently renew the variance provided the district continues to show how the variance meets or exceeds established standards.

(8) If the Superintendent of Public Instruction finds the variance to standards is not working as intended or does not meet or exceed results that could be achieved under established standards, the superintendent shall recommend to the Board of Public Education that the variance be revoked.

(9) If the Board of Public Education accepts the Superintendent's recommendation to revoke a variance, the board's decision is final.

(10) A school district may discontinue an approved variance at any time. If it does so, it shall promptly notify the Superintendent of Public Instruction in writing.

(11) A school district may apply to the Board of Public Education through the Superintendent of Public Instruction to create a charter school.

(a) A charter school must provide an education that meets or exceeds the requirements of the Montana Constitution, state law, and school accreditation standards.

(b) The Board of Public Education may only grant charters to publicly funded schools or programs under the supervision and control of a locally elected board of trustees in an existing school district.

(c) The procedure by which a school district may apply to create a charter school and by which the Board of Public Education may approve, deny, evaluate, and renew a charter school shall be identical to that outlined in ARM 10.55.604.

(d) To be proposed by a school district and approved by the Board of Public Education, a charter school shall, at a minimum, guarantee the following:

(i) school district governance and control;
(ii) unrestricted, open student access;
(iii) compliance with all health and safety laws;
(iv) teacher licensure and endorsement to the same extent as required or provided by state law or accreditation standards;
(v) employee collective bargaining to the same extent as required or provided by state law; and
(vi) a plan for consideration of input by community members and staff as to formation and implementation issues. Consideration of input may be identified by formation of advisory committees involving staff and/or community members, conduct of a properly noticed public meeting for purposes of comment on the formation or operation of the charter school, or any other reasonable means that result in an opportunity for input by staff and community members prior to a decision of significant interest to the public regarding the formation or operation of the charter school.

10.55.605 Categories of Accreditation

(1) Regular accreditation means the school has met the assurance standards and student performance standards as defined in ARM 10.55.606 and the Licensure Endorsement Requirements Related to Teaching Assignments, a copy of which may be found at: http://www.opi.mt.gov/pdf/Accred/Ch55/Appendices.pdf.

(2) Regular accreditation with minor deviations means the school does not meet all the requirements and standards required in (1) and delineated in the Accreditation Status Criteria Reference Guide, a copy of which may be found at: http://www.opi.mt.gov/pdf/Accred/Ch55/Appendices.pdf.

(3) A school with regular accreditation with level 2 deviation(s) in student performance standards, as defined in ARM 10.55.606, or regular accreditation with minor deviations at level 2 in either assurance or student performance standards, shall remedy all deviations within three years or will be reassigned to a lower category of accreditation.

(4) Accreditation with advice means the school exhibits serious and/or numerous deviations from the standards.

(5) Accreditation with deficiency means that the school is on advice status for two years, has not complied with the required corrective plan, and continues to have serious and/or numerous deviations, or has substantially increased the seriousness of deviations over the previous year.

(6) For a district with a school on advice or in deficiency status, the district administrator and the chair of the local board of trustees shall submit to the Superintendent of Public Instruction a corrective plan, including a systematic procedure and timeline for resolving the deviations noted.

(7) A school will be immediately accredited with deficiency if:

(a) the school employs a teacher who does not have a Montana teaching license; or

(b) the school has a facility that creates an unhealthy environment with safety and health hazards.

(8) A school with deficiency status failing to comply with the required corrective plan shall be placed into the intensive assistance process as defined in the Accreditation Status Criteria Reference Guide, a copy of which may be found at: http://www.opi.mt.gov/pdf/Accred/Ch55/Appendices.pdf.

(9) Nonaccredited status means that a school on deficiency status fails to meet the requirements of intensive assistance and is out of compliance with the Board of Public Education standards of accreditation.

(10) A school seeking initial accreditation or reinstatement of accreditation shall meet the requirements of regular accreditation outlined in (1). This process shall include an on-site review from the Office of Public Instruction. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, 20-3-106, 20-7-101, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 1998 MAR p. 2707, Eff. 10/9/98; AMD, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.606 Accreditation Process

(1) The categories of accreditation of a school shall be determined by using two sets of standards:

(a) assurance standards; and

(b) student performance standards.

(2) Assurance standards are comprised of the following subchapters in ARM Title 10, chapter 55:

(a) Subchapter 6, General Provisions, ARM 10.55.601 through 1.55.607;

(b) Subchapter 7, School Leadership, ARM 10.55.701 through 10.55.719;

(c) Subchapter 8, Academic Requirements, ARM 10.55.801 through 10.55.805;
(d) Subchapter 9, Educational Opportunity, ARM 10.55.901 through 10.55.910; and
(e) Subchapter 10, Program Area Standards, ARM 10.55.1001 through 10.55.1003.
(3) Student performance standards are comprised of student performance measures for each grade as follows:
   (a) Math and reading average scale score range for all students grades 3-8 and 10 and science average scale score range for all students grades 4, 8, and 10:
      (i) Level 1 = 300-250;
      (ii) Level 2 = 249-220;
      (iii) Level 3 = 219-210;
      (iv) Level 4 = 209-200; and
   (b) For high schools, graduate rate range:
      (i) Level 1 = 100.0%-75.0%;
      (ii) Level 2 = 74.9%-60.0%;
      (iii) Level 3 = 59.9%-55.0%;
      (iv) Level 4 = 54.9%-0.0%.
(4) For schools with any combination of grades only K-2, only the assurance standards will be used to determine accreditation status.
(5) There shall be four levels for assurance standards and student performance standards used to determine accreditation status, as described in the Accreditation Status Criteria Reference Guide, a copy of which may be found at: http://www.opi.mt.gov/pdf/Accred/Ch55/Appendices.pdf. The highest level is 1 and the lowest level is 4.
(6) A school shall be classified as regularly accredited by using the combined results of the assurance standards and student performance standards as follows:
   (a) level 1 for all assurance standards and level 1 or 2 for student performance standards; or
   (b) level 1 or 2 for all assurance standards and level 1 for student performance standards.
(7) A school shall be classified as regularly accredited with minor deviation by using the combined results of the assurance standards and student performance standards with level 2 in any category in both sets of standards.
(8) A school shall be classified as accredited with advice by using the combined results of the assurance standards and student performance standards with level 3 in any category in either set of standards.
(9) A school shall be classified as accredited with deficiency by using the combined results of the assurance standards and student performance standards with level 4 in any category in either set of standards.  (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.607 Internships
(1) Internships are defined in ARM 10.55.602.
(2) As part of an internship agreement, the parties must agree to the following:
   (a) the intern will complete the requirements for the appropriate endorsement within three years;
   (b) the school district will provide local supervision and support of the intern; and
   (c) the accredited educator preparation program will approve the coursework and provide support and periodic supervision.
(3) If entering into internship agreements, the accredited Montana educator preparation program must report each enrolled intern to the Superintendent of Public Instruction no later than November 15 of each year.

(4) For each intern a district desires to have deemed appropriately assigned, the school district must report to the superintendent during the annual data collection, at the beginning of years two and three of each internship agreement, the intern's yearly progress toward completion of the program of study.

(5) An intern may be considered appropriately assigned for up to three years while enrolled in and making progress toward completion of a Montana accredited educator preparation program. Extension may be granted at the discretion of the Superintendent of Public Instruction as authorized in ARM 10.57.109. Requests for extension must be submitted by the intern and supported by the accredited educator preparation program and the school district. A request for extension must demonstrate evidence of extreme hardship or other circumstances beyond the control of the intern which prevented timely completion of the agreed upon plan of study.

(6) If an intern fails to show sufficient and satisfactory annual progress in the plan of study toward completion of a Montana accredited educator preparation program, the Superintendent of Public Instruction may consider that intern inappropriately assigned.

(7) An emergency authorization of employment granted by the Superintendent of Public Instruction pursuant to 20-4-111, MCA is not a license; it is granted to a district which, under emergency conditions, cannot secure the services of an appropriately licensed and endorsed teacher or principal. A person authorized under 20-4-111, MCA is not eligible for an internship. (History: 20-2-121, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)
SCHOOL LEADERSHIP

Public education in Montana is accomplished by the formation of school districts governed by boards of trustees, who make policy, establish elections, propose levies, and approve expenditures, and who serve at the will of the electorate according to the Montana Constitution, the laws of Montana, and the Administrative Rules of Montana of the Board of Public Education and other pertinent state agencies.

10.55.701 Board of Trustees

(1) The local board of trustees shall ensure that the school district complies with all local, state, and federal laws and regulations.

(2) Each school district shall make available to the staff and public:

(a) goals that reflect the district's strategic plan of education;

(b) sequential curriculum for each program area that aligns to the content standards, specific grade-level learning progressions, and program area standards;

(c) policies establishing student assessment procedures that ensure evaluation of the district's curriculum and student learning. These procedures shall specify how and when data are to be collected, analyzed, and reported;

(d) policies that delineate the responsibilities of the local board of trustees, superintendent, and personnel employed by the school district. The local board of trustees shall review these policies on a regular basis;

(e) a policy on student, parent, and school employee due process rights;

(f) policies addressing bullying, hazing, intimidation, and harassment of students and meeting the requirements in ARM 10.55.719;

(g) an equity policy;

(h) a transfer policy for determining the appropriate placement of incoming students;

(i) an academic freedom policy;

(j) a materials selection policy, including a challenge procedure, for all curricular and support materials;

(k) a copyright policy;

(l) a policy that defines the use of school facilities and resources;

(m) comprehensive family engagement policy aligned to meet the following goals:

(i) families actively participate in the life of the school and feel welcomed, valued, and connected to each other, to school staff, and to what students are learning and doing in class;

(ii) families and school staff engage in regular, two-way meaningful communication about student learning;

(iii) families and school staff continuously collaborate to support student learning and healthy development both at home and at school and have regular opportunities to strengthen their knowledge and skills to do so effectively;

(iv) families are empowered to be advocates for their own and other children, to ensure that students are treated equitably and have access to learning opportunities that will support their success;

(v) families and school staff partner in decisions that affect children and families and together inform, influence, and create policies, practices, and programs; and

(vi) families and school staff collaborate with members of the community to connect students, families, and staff to expand learning opportunities, community services, and civic participation;

(n) a policy incorporating the distinct and unique cultural heritage of American Indians, ensuring integration of the history and contemporary portrayals of Indians, and that is aligned with district goals;
(o) a policy addressing distance, online, and technology delivered learning as defined in ARM 10.55.602;
(p) a policy that defines a significant writing program; and
(q) a policy that addresses student health issues that arise in the school setting.
(3) The local board of trustees shall have valid, written contracts with all regularly employed
licensed administrative, supervisory, and teaching personnel.
(4) The local board of trustees shall have written policies and procedures for regular and
periodic evaluation of all regularly employed personnel. The individual evaluated shall have access to a
copy of the evaluation instrument, the opportunity to respond in writing to the completed evaluation,
and access to his or her files. Personnel files shall be confidential.
(a) The evaluation system used by a school district for licensed staff shall, at a minimum:
(i) be conducted on at least an annual basis with regard to nontenure staff and according to a
regular schedule adopted by the district for all tenure staff;
(ii) be aligned with applicable district goals, standards of the Board of Public Education, and the
district's mentorship and induction program required under ARM 10.55.701(5)(b);
(iii) identify what skill sets are to be evaluated;
(iv) include both formative and summative elements; and
(v) include an assessment of the educator's effectiveness in supporting every student in
meeting rigorous learning goals through the performance of the educator's duties.
(b) The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall develop and publish model evaluation
instruments that comply with this rule in collaboration with the MEA-MFT, Montana Rural Education
Association, Montana School Boards Association, School Administrators of Montana, and Montana Small
School Alliance. A school district adopting and using one of the model instruments shall be construed to
have complied with this rule, though use of one of the models shall not be required provided that the
district's evaluation instrument and process substantially conforms to the requirements set forth in this
section.
(5) The local board of trustees shall:
(a) establish conditions that contribute to a positive school climate which:
(i) keep parents/guardians up to date on students' progress;
(ii) engage in a continuous school improvement process; and
(b) establish mentoring and induction programs to assist licensed staff in meeting teaching
standards as defined in ARM 10.55.701(4)(a) and (b). (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA;
3/24/06; AMD, 2007 MAR p. 692, Eff. 5/25/07; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.702 Licensure and Duties of District Administrator - District Superintendent
(1) The district superintendent shall be:
(a) appropriately licensed and endorsed in accordance with state statutes and Board of Public
Education rules; or
(b) considered appropriately assigned if the superintendent is enrolled in an internship program
as defined in ARM 10.55.602 and meets the requirements of ARM 10.55.607.
(2) A superintendent intern shall be supervised throughout the year by a licensed and endorsed
superintendent contracted by the district, including participation in, and review of, and written
concurrence in all performance evaluations of licensed staff completed by the intern.
(3) The district superintendent shall perform administrative duties in accordance with 20-4-402,
MCA. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 2000
10.55.703 Licensure and Duties of School Principal
(1) The school principal shall:
   (a) be appropriately licensed and endorsed in accordance with state statutes and Board of
       Public Education rules; or
   (b) be considered appropriately assigned if the principal is enrolled in an internship as defined
       in ARM 10.55.602 and meets the requirements of ARM 10.55.607.
(2) Supervision of the principal intern shall be provided throughout the year by the district
    superintendent, county superintendent, or in the absence of either, a licensed and endorsed
    superintendent contracted by the district. Such supervision shall include participation in, and review of,
    and written concurrence in all performance evaluations of licensed staff completed by the intern.
(3) The principal shall carry out the district’s policies and procedures, provide instructional
    leadership, and be responsible for the effective day-to-day operation of the school, including the
    management of finances, materials, and human resources. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121,
    3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2002 MAR p. 3309, Eff. 11/28/02; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.704 Administrative Personnel: Assignment of District Superintendents
(1) The assignment of licensed superintendents for all configurations of school systems shall be
    based upon full-time equivalency (FTE) and shall be assigned as follows:
    (a) School systems with 14 or fewer FTE licensed staff and without a licensed superintendent
        employed may use a supervising teacher and the services of the office of the county superintendent to
        satisfy administrator requirements;
    (b) School systems with more than 14 and fewer than 18 FTE licensed staff shall employ a part-
        time, at a minimum of .10 FTE, licensed superintendent. One individual may serve as both
        superintendent and principal as defined in ARM 10.55.705(2)(a) or (2)(b);
    (c) School systems with 18 or more and fewer than 31 FTE licensed staff shall employ a half-
        time (.50 FTE) licensed superintendent. One administrator may serve as both superintendent and
        principal as defined in ARM 10.55.705(2)(a) or (2)(b);
    (d) school systems with 31 or more FTE licensed staff shall employ a full-time (1.0 FTE) licensed
        superintendent who shall devote full time to administration and supervision not to exceed a total
        assignment of 1.0 FTE.
    (e) No individual superintendent assigned pursuant to the ratios in (1) may be assigned as more
        than 1.0 FTE.
(2) School systems with 100 or more FTE licensed staff shall employ a full-time curriculum
    coordinator to supervise the educational program and alignment of standards, assessment, curriculum,
    instruction, and instructional materials. The curriculum coordinator shall hold a Class 3 administrative
    license. Those districts with fewer than 100 FTE licensed staff and no full-time curriculum coordinator
    shall employ the services of a consortium, multidistrict collaborative, or interlocal cooperative, or a part-
    time, designated curriculum coordinator. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 1989
    AMD, 2002 MAR p. 3309, Eff. 11/28/02; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)
10.55.705 Administrative Personnel: Assignment of School Administrators/Principals
(1) School systems with nine or fewer FTE licensed staff and without a licensed superintendent may use a supervising teacher and the services of the office of the county superintendent to satisfy principal requirements.
(2) The assignment of licensed principals shall be based upon student enrollment and prorated as applicable. Principal assignments are as follows:
   (a) 0.25 FTE licensed principal shall be assigned to schools with enrollments of 125 to fewer than 175 students;
   (b) 0.50 FTE licensed principal shall be assigned to schools with enrollments of 175 to fewer than 250 students;
   (c) 1.0 FTE licensed principal shall be assigned to schools with enrollments of 250 to fewer than 550 students;
   (d) 2 FTE licensed principals shall be assigned to schools with enrollments of 550 to fewer than 1050 students;
   (e) 3 FTE licensed principals shall be assigned to schools with enrollments of 1050 to fewer than 1550 students;
   (f) 4 FTE licensed principals shall be assigned to schools with enrollments of 1550 to fewer than 2050 students;
   (g) 5 FTE licensed principals shall be assigned to schools with enrollments of 2050 or more students.
(3) No individual principal assigned pursuant to the ratios in (2) may be assigned as more than 1.0 FTE.
(4) In a school that requires two or more FTE administrators/principals, at least one individual shall be appropriately endorsed as principal. At least a second administrator shall have an administrative endorsement(s) at the appropriate level(s) and in the area(s) that accurately reflects the administrator's supervisory responsibilities. For example, a school may assign properly licensed and endorsed curriculum coordinators to supervise the appropriate instructional programs. No individual administrator assigned pursuant to the ratios in ARM 10.55.705(2) may be assigned as more than 1.0 FTE. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 1992 MAR p. 1137, Eff. 5/29/92; AMD, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2002 MAR p. 3309, Eff. 11/28/02; AMD, 2007 MAR p. 692, Eff. 5/25/07; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.706 Teacher Involvement
(1) Teachers should use their professional judgment to deliver high-quality instruction to all students based on individual need.
(2) Teachers shall be involved in curriculum development and student assessments and in the promotion of a school climate that enhances student learning, achievement, and well-being. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.707 Teacher and Specialist Licensure
(1) Teachers and specialists shall be:
   (a) appropriately licensed and endorsed in accordance with state statutes and Board of Public Education rules; or
(b) considered appropriately assigned if enrolled in an internship as defined in ARM 10.55.602 and meet the requirements of ARM 10.55.607.

(2) The school district shall arrange for a licensed and endorsed teacher in the content area to provide periodic support to the intern.

(3) School psychologists shall be licensed under ARM 10.57.432(1) or 10.57.433 and 10.57.434, or considered appropriately assigned if they are enrolled in an internship as defined in ARM 10.55.602 and meet the requirements of ARM 10.55.607.

(4) School counselors shall be:
   (a) licensed under ARM 10.57.432(2) or 10.57.433 and 10.57.435; or
   (b) considered appropriately assigned if they hold a Class 1 or 2 license and are enrolled in an internship as defined in ARM 10.55.602 and meet the requirements of ARM 10.55.607.

(5) All personnel whose qualifications are not outlined in ARM Title 10, Chapter 57 must have a license issued by the appropriate state or federal licensing agent or national registry if required by the existing rules and regulations. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 1991 MAR p. 1933, Eff. 10/18/91; AMD, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2002 MAR p. 3309, Eff. 11/28/02; ARM, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.708 Teaching Assignments

(1) Teachers shall be assigned at the levels and in the subjects for which they are licensed and endorsed, unless they are enrolled in an internship as defined in ARM 10.55.602 and meet the requirements of ARM 10.55.607.

(2) Teachers assigned in grade 5 or 6 in the departmentalized classroom or middle school, who hold a 5-12 secondary license, must be endorsed in the subjects they are teaching. A 5-12 license will not cover a grade 5 or 6 assignment in a self-contained K-8 classroom.

(3) Clarifications of teaching assignments in grades 5 through 12 departmentalized settings are published in the Licensure Endorsement Requirements Related to Teaching Assignments, a copy of which may be found at: http://www.opi.mt.gov/pdf/Accred/Ch55/Appendices.pdf.

(4) Licensure at the elementary level entitles the holder to teach in grades K through 8.

(5) No teacher shall have more than 28 hours of assigned student responsibility per week except for one-, two-, and three-teacher schools. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.709 Library Media Services, K-12

(1) The school library shall be housed in a central location, and each school shall have a licensed and endorsed library media specialist at the following ratio:
   (a) .5 FTE for schools with 126-250 students;
   (b) 1 FTE for schools with 251-500 students;
   (c) 1.5 FTE for schools with 501-1000 students;
   (d) 2 FTE for schools with 1001-1500 students;
   (e) 2.5 FTE for schools with 1501-2000 students;
   (f) 3 FTE for schools with 2001 or more students.

(2) Schools of fewer than 126 students shall employ or contract with a licensed and endorsed school library media specialist.
(3) If a district has fewer than 126 students, the district may utilize a consortium, multidistrict agreement, or interlocal cooperative to secure these services. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.710 Assignment of School Counseling Staff
(1) A minimum equivalent of one full-time counselor for each 400 elementary (K-8) students shall be provided. The counselor/student ratio shall be prorated.
(2) A minimum equivalent of one full-time counselor for each 400 high school students (including grades 7 and 8 if high school funding is received) shall be provided. The counselor/student ratio shall be prorated.
(3) Districts with fewer than 126 students may employ or contract with a licensed, endorsed school counselor or Class 6 specialist or utilize a consortium, multidistrict agreement, or interlocal cooperative to secure these services. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2002 MAR p. 3309, Eff. 11/28/02; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.711 General: Class Size and Teacher Load
(1) These standards do not require a minimum class size at any grade level or for any subject offered. One student may be considered a class. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 1995 MAR p. 625, Eff. 4/28/95; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.712 Class Size: Elementary
(1) In single grade rooms, the maximum class size shall be:
   (a) no more than 20 students in kindergarten and grades 1 and 2;
   (b) no more than 28 students in grades 3 and 4;
   (c) no more than 30 students in grades 5 through 8.
(2) In multigrade classrooms, the maximum class size shall be:
   (a) no more than 20 students in grades K, 1, 2, and 3;
   (b) no more than 24 students in grades 4, 5, and 6;
   (c) no more than 26 students in grades 7 and 8.
(3) Multigrade classrooms that cross grade level boundaries (e.g., 3-4, 6-7) shall use the maximum of the lower grade.
(4) In one-teacher schools, the maximum class size shall be 18 students.
(5) Instructional aides are mandatory when class size or teacher load exceed the standards. An instructional aide shall be assigned a minimum of 1 1/2 hours per day, per student overload up to six hours.
(6) An overload of five students per classroom is considered excessive. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 1995 MAR p. 625, Eff. 4/28/95; AMD, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00.)
10.55.713 Teacher Load and Class Size: High School, Junior High, Middle School, and Grades 7 and 8 Budgeted at High School Rates

(1) Each program offered shall be staffed by appropriately licensed and endorsed FTE educators.

(2) Individual class size shall not exceed 30 students.
   (a) Class size limits do not apply to instrumental music or choral groups.
   (b) Laboratory/studio, e.g., science, art, PE, career and technical education, class size shall be limited for safety purposes. The number of students shall be determined through consultation with the teacher, considering the number, size, and use of laboratory stations.

(3) The number of students assigned a teacher per day shall not exceed 150.
   (a) Study hall, regardless of size, shall be counted at 15 students.
   (b) Student limits do not apply to instrumental music or choral groups.
   (c) Library, guidance, and study hall duties are assigned student responsibilities. However, in cases where a teacher is assigned full time in these areas, the assignment may be for the entire day.

(4) Teachers with a significant writing program, as determined by the local board of trustees, shall have a maximum load of 100 students. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.714 Professional Development

(1) Professional development:
   (a) shall be aligned with district educational goals and objectives;
   (b) focuses on teachers as central to student learning and includes all other members of the school community;
   (c) focuses on individual, collegial, and organizational improvement;
   (d) respects and nurtures the intellectual and leadership capacity of teachers, principals, and others in the school community;
   (e) reflects proven research and practice in teaching, learning, and leadership;
   (f) enables teachers to develop further experience in subject content, teaching strategies, uses of technologies, and other essential elements in teaching to high standards;
   (g) promotes continuous inquiry and improvement embedded in the daily life of schools;
   (h) is ongoing and sustained;
   (i) is planned collaboratively by those who will participate in and facilitate that development;
   (j) requires substantial time and other resources;
   (k) is driven by a coherent long-term plan; and
   (l) is evaluated on the impact of professional development on teacher effectiveness and student learning, and the results of this assessment guides subsequent professional development.

(2) Teachers and specialists shall annually complete professional development pursuant to the requirements of 20-1-304 and 20-4-304, MCA, including a minimum of three pupil instruction related (PIR) days dedicated exclusively to professional development.
   (a) A professional development PIR day shall constitute six hours of contact time.
   (b) A school district may divide a professional development PIR day into no fewer than two-hour blocks of contact time.
   (c) A professional development block may be held on the same day as a pupil instruction day, but a school district shall not schedule a professional development PIR day to convene simultaneously with a pupil instruction day.
(3) The local board of trustees shall establish an advisory committee to evaluate the school district’s current school year professional development plan; and develop and recommend a plan for the subsequent school year.

(a) The advisory committee shall include, but not be limited to, trustees, administrators, and teachers. A majority of the committee shall be teachers.

(b) Each school year the local board of trustees shall adopt a professional development plan for the subsequent school year based on the recommendation of the advisory committee.

(c) The plan recommended by the advisory committee and adopted by the local board of trustees shall outline how, when, and from whom teachers and specialists shall meet their professional development PIR day expectations.

(d) The plan adopted by the local board of trustees must take into consideration the advisory committee’s recommendations and include two professional development PIR days in October during which schools must close in order to permit teachers and specialists to attend the annual professional development meetings of state professional associations.

(e) The adopted plan may include alternatives but shall not interfere with or prohibit teacher and specialist attendance at the annual October professional development meetings of state professional associations.

(f) Teachers and specialists who do not attend the annual professional development October meetings of state professional associations or school district plan approved alternative professional development PIR days shall not be paid for the days they are absent.

(g) Teachers, specialists, administrators, and school districts shall not substitute for professional development PIR day purposes professional development opportunities not specifically outlined in the school district’s adopted professional development plan.

(h) The local board of trustees shall make their plan available to employees and the public.


10.55.715 Instructional Paraprofessionals: Qualifications and Supervision

(1) Instructional paraprofessionals shall be under the direct supervision of a licensed teacher who is responsible for instruction and assessment of students. The supervising teacher shall be available while the instructional paraprofessional is fulfilling his or her responsibilities and shall not be simultaneously assigned to another teaching duty or preparation time.

(2) Instructional paraprofessionals assigned to assist students with special education needs shall be under the supervision of the teacher or other professional designated as primarily responsible for instructional planning for the student. The designated professional has the responsibility to provide regularly scheduled communication and direction to the instructional paraprofessional and not to delegate any activity to the instructional paraprofessional that requires professional skill, knowledge, and judgment.

(3) Instructional paraprofessionals assigned to assist students in gaining specialized knowledge not generally available from a properly endorsed teacher shall be supervised by a teacher licensed at the proper level. The supervising teacher is responsible for instruction and assessment of students and shall not be simultaneously assigned to another teaching duty or preparation time. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

(Note: Published ARM incorrectly designated as (1), (b), and (c) – corrected here to show 1, 2, and 3.)
10.55.716 Substitute Teachers

(1) Substitute teachers may be used for extended teacher absences under the following conditions:
   (a) In cases where a regular, licensed teacher under contract is temporarily unable, by reason of illness or for other reasons approved by the local board of trustees, to fulfill the teacher's duties, substitute teachers may be employed to carry on the duties of that teacher's position for a period not to exceed 35 consecutive teaching days. Such substitutes need not hold a current license, but preference shall be given to those substitutes who are properly licensed.
   (b) If the absence of the regular, licensed or authorized teacher continues for more than 35 consecutive teaching days, the substitute may be placed under contract if licensed or the local board of trustees shall place a licensed teacher under contract. If the local board of trustees makes a written declaration to the Superintendent of Public Instruction that no licensed teacher is available, the district shall pursue the employment of a teacher authorized under the provisions of ARM 10.57.107.

(2) Any nonlicensed substitute teacher shall complete a minimum of three hours of training, as approved by the local board of trustees.

(3) Any nonlicensed substitute teacher must have received a high school diploma or have attained a passing score on the general education development assessment.

(4) A district that employs a nonlicensed substitute teacher must conduct a fingerprint-based background check of that individual according to the following procedures:
   (a) The nonlicensed substitute teacher must present a complete set of fingerprints to a qualified law enforcement agency to be submitted to the school district.
   (b) The district shall not employ the nonlicensed substitute teacher until state and federal authorities have reported the results of the background check or until the district has conducted a reference check of the individual.
   (c) The district may accept the report of a previous fingerprint-based background check if it is submitted by a Montana university or college for a student currently or formerly enrolled in an accredited Montana professional educator program or from a public or nonpublic state-accredited school that previously employed the substitute. The report shall not be accepted if it was completed more than two years prior to the date of submission.
   (d) The district shall consider the information obtained from the results of the fingerprint-based background check under the provisions of Title 37, chapter 1, part 2, MCA, governing the licensure of criminal offenders and under 20-4-110, MCA. Conviction, including conviction following a plea of nolo contendere, a conviction in which the sentence is suspended or deferred, or any other adjudication treated by the court as a conviction, may be considered by the district as grounds for removal from the classroom if the conviction was for a sexual offense, theft, or any other crime meeting the criteria of Title 37, chapter 1, part 2, MCA.

(5) Sections (2), (3), and (4) may be waived by the local board of trustees in whole or in part, if the nonlicensed substitute has previous teaching or substitute teaching experience in a Montana-accredited public school prior to November 28, 2002 and who has continued to substitute yearly thereafter. (History: 20-4-102, MCA; IMP, 20-4-102, MCA; NEW, 2002 MAR p. 3309, Eff. 11/28/02; AMD & TRANS, 2003 MAR p. 554, Eff. 3/28/03; AMD, 2007 MAR p. 504, Eff. 4/27/07; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)
10.55.717 Assignment of Persons Providing Instruction to Braille Students

(1) No licensed or classified employee of a school district, cooperative, or any contracted service provider shall be assigned to provide instruction of Braille to a student or produce Braille materials who has not demonstrated competency in "contracted" (grade two) standard literary Braille code by:

(a) successful completion of the National Literary Braille Competency Test; or
(b) successful completion of the Braille competency test developed by Portland State University (Braille Literacy Usage Exam); or
(c) successful completion of Library of Congress transcriber’s certificate; or
(d) successful completion of a program, for teaching visually impaired students, from an accredited college or university.

(2) The employing agency (school district and/or cooperative) is responsible for monitoring appropriate assignment of personnel under (1).

(3) Any person under (1) shall have two years, from the date that the individual has been initially assigned to provide instruction in Braille or to produce Braille materials, to successfully pass the testing requirements.

(4) A person who has met the requirements of (1) shall maintain their facility with "contracted" (grade two) standard literary Braille code through continuing education opportunities.

(5) For the purposes of (4), an approved provider of continuing education may include any entity approved by the Montana Office of Public Instruction and/or the Montana Board of Education.

(6) Individuals who seek to remain eligible to work with visually impaired students are responsible for documenting completion of continuing education. Such individuals will provide a copy of their documentation to their employing school district.

(7) If a paraprofessional, who has not successfully met the requirements found in (1), is assigned to work with a student who has a visual impairment, the paraprofessional will be supervised by the district’s special education teacher in collaboration with a teacher of the visually impaired who holds a credential from an accredited university. In addition, the assigned paraprofessional and the school district shall meet the requirements contained in (1) within two years of the date a student with a visual impairment has been identified as in need of Braille instruction and/or materials. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-1-121, 20-7-475, MCA; NEW, 2007 MAR p. 188, Eff. 2/9/07; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.718 Assignment of Persons Providing Sign Language Interpreting for Students Who Are Deaf or Hard of Hearing

(1) Effective July 1, 2011, and not withstanding (3), no licensed or classified employee of any school district, cooperative, or contracted service provider shall be regularly assigned to provide educational sign language interpreting for a student(s) unless the employee has demonstrated skills and knowledge, at a 3.5 level or higher, on the Educational Interpreter Performance Assessment (EIPA) and passed the written portion of the Educational Interpreter Performance Assessment.

(2) Substitute employees of any school district, cooperative, or contracted service provider temporarily assigned to provide educational sign language interpreting for a student(s) for a period longer than 35 consecutive teaching days shall meet the standard in (1).

(3) An employee who has not met the qualifications in (1), but who has demonstrated a competency level of 2.5 or higher on the EIPA or a score commensurate with a competency level of 2.5 or higher on the EIPA Pre-Hire Assessment, may be assigned to provide educational sign language interpreting for a student(s) when the employee has demonstrated proficiency under the guidance of a school district or cooperative special education teacher. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-1-121, 20-7-475, MCA; NEW, 2007 MAR p. 188, Eff. 2/9/07; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)
interpreting services. Such individuals shall have three years, from date of initial assignment, or the effective date of this rule, to demonstrate competency as described in (1).

(4) The employing entity (school district, cooperative, or contracting service provider) is responsible for providing appropriate assignment of personnel (directly) and/or use of appropriate technologies.

(5) Employees who have met the requirements in (1) and who seek to remain eligible to work as educational sign language interpreters are responsible for documenting a completion of 12 clock hours of professional development and/or Office of Public Instruction renewal units per calendar year related to the improvement of educational interpreting, performance, and knowledge skills. Such individuals will provide documentation of completion to their employing school district, cooperative, or contracting agency.

(6) For purposes of (5), approved providers of continuing educational opportunities shall include any entity approved by the Montana Office of Public Instruction or the Montana Board of Public Education. (History: 20-2-121, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 2009 MAR p. 1659, Eff. 9/25/09.)

10.55.719 Student Protection Procedures

(1) A local board of trustees shall adopt a policy designed to deter persistent threatening, insulting, or demeaning gestures or physical conduct, including an intentional written, verbal, or electronic communication or threat directed against a student or students regardless of the underlying reason for such conduct, that:
   (a) causes a student physical or emotional harm, damages a student’s property, or places a reasonable fear of harm to the student or the student’s property;
   (b) substantially and materially interferes with access to an educational opportunity or benefit;
   or
   (c) substantially and materially disrupts the orderly operation of the school.

(2) Behavior prohibited under (1) includes retaliation against a victim or witness who reports behavior prohibited under (1).

(3) "Persistent" as used in this rule can consist of repeated acts against a single student or isolated acts directed against a number of different students.

(4) The behavior prohibited in (1) includes but is not limited to conduct:
   (a) in a classroom or other location on school premises;
   (b) during any school-sponsored program, activity, or function where the school is responsible for the student including when the student is traveling to and from school or on a school bus or other school-related vehicle; or
   (c) through the use of electronic communication, as defined in 45-8-213, MCA, that substantially and materially disrupts the orderly operation of the school or any school-sponsored program, activity, or function where the school is responsible for the student.

(5) Each local board of trustees has discretion and control over the development of its policies and procedures regarding behavior prohibited under (1), but each district’s policies and procedures must include at a minimum:
   (a) a prohibition on the behavior specified in (1), regardless of the underlying reason or reasons the student has engaged in such behavior;
   (b) a procedure for reporting and documenting reported acts of behavior prohibited under (1);
   (c) a procedure for investigation of all reports of behavior prohibited under (1)(a) that includes an identification of the persons responsible for the investigation and response;
(d) a procedure for determining whether the reported act is subject to the jurisdiction of the school district or another public agency, including law enforcement, and a procedure for referral to the necessary persons or entity with appropriate jurisdiction;

(e) a procedure for prompt notification, as defined in the district policy, of the alleged victim and the alleged perpetrator, or the parents or guardian of such students when the students are minors;

(f) a procedure to protect any alleged victim of behavior prohibited under (1)(a) from further incidents of such behavior;

(g) a disciplinary procedure establishing the consequences for students found to have committed behavior prohibited under (1); and

(h) a procedure for the use of appropriate intervention and remediation for victims and perpetrators. (History: 20-2-121, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)
EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY

The Montana public school is a positive partnership of school trustees, staff, students, parents, and the community. Its central purpose is the intellectual development of its students.

10.55.801 School Climate
(1) The local board of trustees shall:
   (a) develop policies, procedures, and rules that respect the rights of all learners, promote an awareness of and concern for the well-being of others, and address bullying, intimidation, and harassment of students and school personnel;
   (b) create teaching and learning conditions that meet the district's educational goals and recruit and maintain a quality staff;
   (c) offer programs and services which, in content and presentation, endeavor to be free of stereotyping in terms of age, sex, religion, race, national origin, or handicapping condition;
   (d) provide programs and services that meet the needs of students which the school has identified as at-risk;
   (e) inform students, parents, families, and guardians of the school's expectations and of students' rights and responsibilities;
   (f) encourage students to take responsibility for their education, including preparing for and participating in class and school activities, taking full advantage of learning services provided, helping design their educational goals, and conducting themselves respectfully and appropriately;
   (g) encourage the active involvement of parents, families, and guardians in their children's education and in their school; and
   (h) provide opportunities for parents, families, guardians, educators, and members of the community to take active roles in developing and reviewing district and school educational goals.

10.55.802 Opportunity and Educational Equity
(1) It is the purpose of the accreditation standards to guarantee equality of educational opportunity and to respect the dignity of every person regardless of race, color, sex, culture, social origin or condition, or political or religious ideas, with prejudice toward none. This includes programs, facilities, educational materials, curriculum, counseling, library services, and extracurricular activities.

10.55.803 Learner Access
(1) Equal opportunity to learn is a primary consideration of all program areas, at all levels. In order to integrate this concept throughout the education program, the local board of trustees shall develop and implement processes for assessing the educational needs of its students.
   (2) In implementing curriculum in all program areas, the local board of trustees shall:
      (a) provide learning experiences matched to students' interests, readiness, and learning styles;
      (b) recognize individual and cultural diversity and differences among learners, including American Indians. Cultural and language differences should be viewed as valuable and enriching
resources and should take into account the unique needs of American Indian students and other minority groups;

(c) ensure integration of the history, contemporary portrayals, and contributions of American Indians, with an emphasis on Montana Indians, across all content areas;
(d) provide learning resources that are relevant, culturally inclusive, and current;
(e) provide opportunities for individual self-direction and decision making;
(f) provide equal access to learning resources;
(g) provide instructional materials that support the adopted curricula; and
(h) provide books and materials that reflect authentic historical and contemporary portrayals of American Indians.

(3) The local board of trustees shall identify, using appropriate criteria, students who may be at risk or in need of special services. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.804 Gifted and Talented
(1) Districts shall provide educational services to gifted and talented students that are commensurate to their needs, and foster a positive self-image.
(2) Each district shall comply with all federal and state laws and regulations addressing gifted education.
(3) Each district shall provide structured support and assistance to teachers in identifying and meeting the diverse student needs of gifted and talented students, and shall provide a framework for considering a full range of alternatives for addressing student needs. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13)

10.55.805 Special Education
(1) Each district shall provide educational programs and services to students eligible to receive special education services as identified under IDEA.
(2) Each district shall comply with all federal and state laws and regulations addressing special education.
(3) Each district shall provide structured support and assistance to regular education teachers in identifying and meeting the diverse needs of students receiving special education services.
(4) A student eligible to receive special education services as identified under IDEA and who has successfully completed the goals identified on an individualized education program for high school completion shall be awarded a diploma. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/91; AMD, 1994 MAR p. 166, Eff. 1/28/94; AMD, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)
ACADEMIC REQUIREMENTS

Basic academic requirements form a solid foundation for each school’s education program. Schools shall meet or exceed these requirements through carefully developed curricula and supportive resources.

10.55.901 Basic Education Program: Elementary
(1) An elementary school shall have an education program aligned to the program area standards that enables students to meet the content standards and content-specific grade-level learning progressions. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, 20-3-106, 20-7-101, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 1998 MAR p. 2707, Eff. 10/9/98; AMD, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.902 Basic Education Program: Middle Grades
(1) A school with middle grades must have an education program aligned to the program area standards that enables all students to meet the content standards and content-specific grade-level learning progressions.
(2) The Board of Public Education, upon recommendation of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, may approve a 7 and 8 grade program that must follow either the middle school philosophy and components described in (3) or the departmentalized philosophy and components described in (4).
(3) The Board of Public Education, upon recommendation of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, may approve a middle school program that:
   (a) addresses the unique nature of middle-grade children by focusing on their intellectual, social, emotional, and physical development. To put such philosophy into practice, a middle school must have flexibility to:
      (i) approach instruction, scheduling, and teaching in a variety of ways;
      (ii) undertake interdisciplinary work; and
      (iii) plan blocks of coursework deriving from the intellectual, social, emotional, and physical needs of middle school students.
   (b) incorporates critical and creative thinking, career awareness, lifelong learning, and safety;
   (c) incorporates instruction in reading literacy and writing literacy into all required and elective program areas as required in the Montana Common Core Standards, ARM Title 10, chapter 53;
   (d) includes, at a minimum, the following program areas, required of all students yearly:
      (i) English language arts;
      (ii) mathematics;
      (iii) physical and life sciences;
      (iv) social studies; and
      (v) health enhancement.
   (e) at a minimum maintains the following required program areas:
      (i) visual arts including, but not limited to art history, art criticism, aesthetic perception, and production;
      (ii) music including, but not limited to general, instrumental, and vocal (emphasizing comprehensive music elements, music history, criticism, aesthetic perception, and musical production);
      (iii) career and technical education courses or pathways such as agriculture, business education, family and consumer sciences, health occupations and industrial technology education; and
      (iv) world languages.
(f) offers as electives to all students exploratory courses such as creative writing, dance, drama, financial education, photography, and leadership.

(4) A junior high (grades 7-9) or 7-8 school must offer an educational program, aligned to the program area standards, that enables all students to meet the content standards and content-specific grade-level progressions.

(a) Instruction in reading literacy and writing literacy shall be incorporated into all required and elective program areas as required in the Montana Common Core Standards, ARM Title 10, chapter 53.

(b) All students shall complete the following program areas each year:

(i) English language arts--1 unit;
(ii) social studies--1 unit;
(iii) mathematics--1 unit;
(iv) science--1 unit; and
(v) health enhancement--1/2 unit.

(c) All students must be allowed to elect from the following program area offerings:

(i) visual arts--1/2 unit;
(ii) music--1/2 unit;
(iii) career and technical education--1/2 unit; and
(iv) world languages and cultures--1/2 unit.

(d) A unit is defined as the equivalent of at least 8100 minutes for one school year.

(e) Time to pass between classes may be counted toward the standard school day but shall not be counted toward class time. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, 20-3-106, 20-7-101, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 1998 MAR p. 2707, Eff. 10/9/98; AMD, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.903 Basic Education Program: Junior High and Grades 7 and 8 Budgeted at High School Rates (Repealed)


10.55.904 Basic Education Program Offerings: High School

(1) The basic education program, aligned to the program area standards, for grades 9 through 12 shall be at least 20 units of coursework that enable all students to meet the content standards and content-specific grade-level learning progressions.

(2) Instruction in reading literacy and writing literacy shall be incorporated into all required and elective program areas as required in the Montana Common Core Standards, ARM Title 10, chapter 53.

(3) Minimum offerings shall include at least the following:

(a) 4 units of English language arts;
(b) 3 units of mathematics;
(c) 3 units of science;
(d) 3 units of social studies;
(e) 2 units of career and technical education;
(f) 2 units of arts;
(g) 1 unit of health enhancement;
(h) 2 units of world languages; and
10.55.905 Graduation Requirements

(1) As a minimum, a school district's requirements for graduation shall include a total of 20 units of study that enable all students to meet the content standards and content-specific grade-level learning progressions.

(2) In order to meet the content and performance standards, the following 13 units shall be part of the 20 units required for all students to graduate:
   (a) 4 units of English language arts;
   (b) 2 units of mathematics;
   (c) 2 units of social studies;
   (d) 2 units of science;
   (e) 1 unit of health enhancement, with 1/2 unit each year for two years;
   (f) 1 unit of arts; and
   (g) 1 unit of career and technical education.

(3) Units of credit earned in any Montana high school accredited by the Board of Public Education shall be accepted by all Montana high schools.

(4) In accordance with the policies of the local board of trustees, students may be graduated from high school with less than four years enrollment. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, 20-3-106, 20-7-101, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 1998 MAR p. 2707, Eff. 10/9/98; AMD, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.906 High School Credit

(1) A high school shall require a minimum of 20 units of credit for graduation, including ninth grade units.
   (a) A unit of credit is defined as the equivalent of at least 8100 minutes for one year.
   (b) Passage of time between classes may be counted toward the standard school day but shall not be counted toward class time.

(2) A student who is unable to attend class for the required amount of time may be given fractional credit for partial completion of a course, with the local board of trustee's permission.

(3) The local board of trustees may waive specific course requirements based on individual student needs and performance levels. Waiver requests shall also be considered with respect to age, maturity, interest, and aspirations of the students and shall be in consultation with the parents or guardians.

(4) With the permission of the local board of trustees, a student may be given credit for a course satisfactorily completed in a period of time shorter or longer than normally required and, provided that the course meets the district's curriculum and assessment requirements, which are aligned with the content standards stated in the education program. Examples of acceptable course work include those delivered through correspondence, extension, and distance learning courses, adult education, summer school, work study, specially designed courses, and challenges to current courses. Acceptable programs must be consistent with the local board of trustees' policy.
   (a) Montana high schools shall accept such units of credit taken with the approval of the accredited Montana high school in which the student was then enrolled and which appear on the
10.55.907 Distance, Online, and Technology Delivered Learning

(1) This rule establishes requirements for distance, online, and technology delivered learning programs and/or courses that fulfill elementary or middle grades basic education programs and/or high school graduation requirements.

(2) School districts may receive and/or provide distance, online, and technology delivered learning programs.

(a) School districts receiving distance, online, and technology delivered learning programs to supplement instruction may utilize distance, online, and technology delivered learning as they would other supplementary resources without restriction.

(b) Distance, online, and technology-delivered learning programs and/or courses shall at a minimum be aligned with state content standards and content-specific grade-level learning progressions.

(c) Annually, by the first Monday in June, a school district shall provide a report to the Superintendent of Public Instruction documenting all distance, online and technology-delivered courses, student enrollments, and the digital content providers.

(3) Except as provided in (3)(a), teachers of distance, online, and technology delivered learning programs shall be licensed and endorsed in Montana or elsewhere in the area of instruction taught with such license granted as a result of the completion of an accredited professional educator preparation program as defined in ARM 10.57.102(3). School districts receiving distance, online, and technology delivered learning programs described in this rule shall have a distance learning facilitator for each course and available to the students.

(a) When a teacher of distance, online, and technology delivered learning programs and/or courses does not possess the qualifications specified in (3), the facilitator must be licensed and endorsed in Montana or elsewhere in the area of instruction facilitated with such license granted as a result of the completion of an accredited professional educator preparation program as defined in ARM 10.57.102(3).

(b) When a teacher of distance, online, and technology delivered learning programs is qualified as provided in (3), the receiving school district's facilitator shall be a licensed teacher or a para-educator.

(c) School districts receiving distance, online, and technology delivered learning programs and/or courses must provide qualified facilitators for synchronous delivery to students in schools accredited by the Montana Board of Public Education, requiring physical presence of a facilitator, and for asynchronous delivery, requiring facilitators be available to students.

(d) The school district must ensure that the distance, online, and technology-delivered learning facilitators receive in-service training on technology-delivered instruction.

(4) Montana school districts providing distance, online and technology delivered learning shall comply with the teacher load requirements of ARM 10.55.713(3).

(5) Digital content providers serving Montana schools accredited by the Board of Public Education shall:

(a) annually, by the first Monday in August, register with the Office of Public Instruction;

(b) annually, by the first Monday in June, identify the Montana school districts served in the current school year by the digital content provider, including the courses and student enrollments for each school district served; and

10.55.908 School Facilities
(1) School facilities shall be constructed, maintained, and supervised in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal codes, regulations, and laws.
(2) School facilities shall be of sufficient size and arrangement to meet all programs' educational goals.
(3) The local board of trustees shall provide for educational facilities which are functional and safe for the conduct of the educational and extracurricular activities of students, and which will meet federal accessibility standards.
(4) The school shall provide the necessary equipment for first aid.
(5) When the local board of trustees considers major remodeling or building a facility, it shall seek facility expertise in all affected program areas as well as comments from faculty, students, and community.
(6) The local board of trustees shall have a written policy that defines the use of school facilities and resources. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD & TRANS from 10.55.2001, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.909 Student Records
(1) Each school shall keep, in secure storage, a permanent file of students' records, that shall include:
   (a) the name and address of the student;
   (b) his/her parent or guardian;
   (c) birth date;
   (d) academic work completed;
   (e) level of achievement (grades, standardized achievement tests);
   (f) immunization records as per 20-5-406, MCA;
   (g) attendance data; and
   (h) the statewide student identifier assigned by the Office of Public Instruction.
(2) The local board of trustees shall establish policies and procedures for the use and transfer of student records that are in compliance with 20-1-213, MCA, and state and federal laws governing individual privacy. All educational records collected and maintained by a school shall be kept in a confidential manner according to the implementing regulations of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) at 34 CFR part 99.
(3) The local board of trustees shall develop a process for destruction of records pursuant to 20-1-213, MCA, including nonpermanent student records. Nonpermanent student records are records retained in a central file maintained by the school containing a student's cumulative educational records, which are not retained as a student's permanent record detailed in (1).
(4) All inactive permanent records from a school that closes shall be sent to the county superintendent or the appropriate county official. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 1994 MAR p. 166, Eff. 1/28/94; AMD & TRANS from 10.55.2002, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2004 MAR p. 2277, Eff. 9/24/04; AMD, 2005 MAR p. 575, Eff. 4/15/05; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 305, Eff. 2/10/12; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.910 Student Discipline Records

(1) Each school shall maintain a record of any disciplinary action that is educationally related, with explanation, taken against the student. When a local board of trustees takes disciplinary action against a student, the board must take minutes of the action taken, with detailed explanation, even if the disciplinary action is decided during a closed session. For the purpose of this rule, a disciplinary action that is educationally related is an action that results in the expulsion or out-of-school suspension of the student. This record must be maintained/destroyed consistent with Montana Local Government Records Schedule 7, and is subject to transfer to a local educational agency, accredited school, or nonpublic school pursuant to 20-1-213, MCA. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-1-213, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 2005 MAR p. 1390, Eff. 4/15/05; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)
PROGRAM AREA STANDARDS

Much of the accreditation process is based on a school’s ability to meet the fundamental learner goals set forth in the Program Area Standards that follow. The standards are minimums and not the only goals a school should set for its students.

The Program Area Standards give guidance in identifying subject matter and degrees of sophistication to be emphasized at each level of the education program.

For organizational purposes, the Program Area Standards are outlined by learner areas. They do not intend to specify course titles unless noted otherwise.

10.55.1001 District’s Responsibilities for Program Delivery Standards
(1) It is the local board of trustees’ responsibility to ensure the district’s curricula align with the state content standards and content-specific grade-level learning progressions. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, 20-3-106, 20-7-101, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 1998 MAR p. 2707, Eff. 10/9/98; AMD, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2001 MAR p. 953, Eff. 6/8/01; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)

10.55.1002 Cross-Content and Thinking Skills (Repealed)

10.55.1003 Program Foundation Standards
(1) The purpose of all programs is to develop and apply knowledge and skills necessary to pursue lifelong goals and opportunities.

(2) Program foundation standards are the common conditions and practices that will be evident in all programs within a school system to ensure that all students have educational opportunity to learn, develop, and demonstrate learning in the content standards and content-specific grade-level learning progressions. All programs shall follow the content standards in the accreditation rules of Montana. The local board of trustees shall:
   (a) meet the following conditions:
      (i) ensure integration of the history, contemporary portrayals, and contributions of American Indians, with an emphasis on Montana Indians, for all students, across all content areas;
      (ii) ensure an educational climate that promotes academic freedom and respect for diversity with prejudice toward none;
      (iii) maintain high expectations for student performance, behavior, and lifelong learning; and
      (iv) encourage collaboration among school personnel to plan, assess, and support instruction.
   (b) include the following practices:
      (i) offer engaging and relevant experiences that enable students to develop effective communication skills in their personal lives, workplaces, and communities;
      (ii) teach ethical behavior, including use of technology (social media) and the implications of one’s choices;
      (iii) implement research-based instructional skills and strategies to improve student learning;
      (iv) challenge students to think creatively and critically, and use the inquiry process to solve problems and make informed decisions;
      (v) encourage interdisciplinary instruction;
(vi) use relevant data to inform decision making, modify instruction, and increase student learning;
(vii) integrate information literacy skills, technology tools, and workplace competencies to support learning in all curricular areas.; and
(viii) provide equitable access to all facilities, technology, equipment, materials, and services necessary to support the instructional process. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, 20-3-106, 20-7-101, MCA; NEW, 2001 MAR p. 953, Eff. 6/8/01; AMD, 2003 MAR p. 554, Eff. 3/28/03; AMD, 2006 MAR p. 755, Eff. 3/24/06; AMD, 2012 MAR p. 2042, Eff. 7/1/13.)
COMMUNICATION ARTS PROGRAM

Language is at the core of successful schooling and living. Through language, humans learn beyond their own direct experiences; through their skills, concepts, and experiences in the communication arts, students become educated not merely in “English,” but in all subject areas. Thus, effective communication arts programs have a very high priority in the curricula of Montana schools.

The education program in Communication Arts encompasses the study of language and literature, the development of reading, writing, speaking and listening, effective media use, and the nurturing of creative, logical, and critical thinking.

10.55.1101 Communication Arts Program Delivery Standards

(1) In general, a basic program in communication arts shall:
   (a) meet the following conditions:
       (i) promote literacy and language excellence in the spoken, written, and visual form; and
       (ii) make available a variety of print and non-print materials encompassing fiction and nonfiction, classic and contemporary works, and diverse perspectives including Montana American Indian works.
   (b) include the following practices:
       (i) integrate reading, literature, writing, speaking, listening, and media literacy with a balanced approach supported by current research and/or based on best practices in the field of communication arts;
       (ii) emphasize multiple strategies and artistic forms to teach the conventions, demands, and responsibilities of language;
       (iii) emphasize writing as a process;
       (iv) provide opportunities for informal and formal speaking and listening;
       (v) offer experiences in viewing, creating, and critically evaluating different types of media; and
       (vi) encourage co-curricular offerings in drama, speech, debate, journalism, literary publications, and other related activities. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, 20-3-106, 20-7-101, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 2001 MAR p. 953, Eff. 6/8/01.)
ARTS PROGRAM

The Arts provide a means of expression and communication that goes beyond speaking and writing. The Arts are our most illuminating and universal form of language; through them we transmit to our children our cultural heritage and humanity. The Arts dynamically cultivate all of the senses, emotions, and intelligences. They are the means by which students develop literacy in the symbol systems fundamental to higher order and critical thinking. And, they constitute a dimension of learning, which extends and fulfills human experience. The Arts are not complete until understandings are found between and among the arts and they are integrated with other disciplines.

10.55.1201 Arts Program Delivery Standards
(1) In general, a basic program in arts shall:
(a) meet the following conditions:
   (i) incorporate visual arts (e.g., drawing, painting, printmaking, photography, film, electronic media, sculpture, applied design, installation);
   (ii) incorporate performing arts, including music (e.g., choral music, instrumental music, music appreciation), theater (e.g., drama, play production), and dance;
   (iii) provide instruction that includes history of the arts, criticism, production, performance, and aesthetics; and
   (iv) encourage a variety of co-curricular offerings (e.g., drama, literary and art publications, performance groups, arts clubs) and other avenues for students to practice their artistic skills in the community and the world.
(b) include the following practices:
   (i) structure activities to allow students to develop techniques in the arts;
   (ii) allow students to explore the elements of artistic composition and a variety of media, functions, styles, and presentation forms;
   (iii) provide access to exemplary works of art from diverse cultures and historical periods and access to current materials, techniques, technology, and processes in the arts; and
   (iv) provide real audiences for student performance and products, display areas, and performance areas (e.g., stages, galleries, fairs). (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, 20-3-106, 20-7-101, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 2000 MAR p. 3340, Eff. 12/8/00; AMD, 2001 MAR p. 953, Eff. 6/8/01.)
HEALTH ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

Health Enhancement teaches children the importance of personal and community health through the promotion of a responsible lifestyle. It helps them actively develop, maintain, and improve their health as well as an awareness of society’s critical health issues.

Health Enhancement is a comprehensive program that combines the traditional disciplines of “health” and “physical education” in a more balanced program. Concepts learned in the classroom are reinforced and put into practice in the gymnasium. Healthy, well-nourished and physically fit children learn better, miss less school, and take a more active role in their own education. A healthy state transcends the physical and also includes the emotional, social and intellectual dimensions of health.

10.55.1301 Health Enhancement Program Delivery Standards
(1) In general, a basic health enhancement program shall:
   (a) meet the following conditions:
      (i) maintain class size in accordance with other curriculum areas;
      (ii) focus on the knowledge and skills necessary to maintain a healthy lifestyle;
      (iii) integrate and include components of the traditional "health" and "physical education" disciplines;
      (iv) maintain a program that meets the educational requirements of health enhancement; and
      (v) maintain adequate first aid materials and communication device capabilities.
   (b) include the following practices:
      (i) make appropriate use of technology in the curriculum;
      (ii) give students the decision-making tools to promote personal and community responsibility;
      (iii) address the physical, emotional, social, and intellectual dimensions of a healthy lifestyle; and

10.55.1302 Health Enhancement Participation
(In accordance with ARM 10.55.603 and ARM 10.55.1001)
(1) Each student shall participate in a health enhancement program which is based on age, ability, and aptitude.  (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89.)
MATHEMATICS PROGRAM

In this changing world, those who understand and can do mathematics will have significantly enhanced opportunities and options for shaping their futures. Mathematical competence opens doors to productive futures. All students should have the opportunity and the support necessary to learn significant mathematics with depth and reason inductively and deductively, and to apply the numerical and spatial concepts necessary to function according to their needs in a technological society.

Priorities for basic mathematical skills include more than computation. A technological society requires daily use of skills such as estimating, problem solving, organizing and interpreting data, measuring, predicting, and applying mathematics to everyday situations.

Mathematics is a dynamic, growing, and changing discipline whose cross-curricular significance requires its integration into all academic areas. An effective curriculum is responsive to recent developments in mathematical knowledge, the needs of an information society, the availability of technology such as computers and calculators, and includes relevant application of mathematics.

10.55.1401 Mathematics Program Delivery Standards
(In accordance with ARM 10.55.603 and ARM 10.55.1001)
(1) In general, a basic mathematics program, shall:
(a) meet the following conditions:
   (i) provide a well-articulated curriculum that challenges students to learn increasingly more sophisticated mathematical ideas; and
   (ii) provide conceptual mathematical understanding as well as factual knowledge and procedural facility.
(b) include the following practices:
   (i) create, enrich, maintain, and adapt instruction to meet mathematical goals;
   (ii) incorporate appropriate technology into the math program;
   (iii) connect the development of skills and procedures to the more general development of mathematical understanding; and
   (iv) effectively observe students, listen carefully to students' ideas and explanations, have mathematical goals, and use the information to make instructional decisions. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, 20-3-106, 20-7-101, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 2001 MAR p. 953, Eff. 6/8/01.)
SCIENCE PROGRAM

Science is a creative process used to investigate natural phenomena, resulting in the formation of theories verified by directed observations. These theories are challengeable and changeable. Data must support or contradict these theories. Although science as a body of knowledge is ever changing, the processes of science are constant. Science education strengthens students' basic inquiry skills and fosters their understandings of and interest in the word by acquiring and applying critical thinking and problem solving.

10.55.1501 Science Program Delivery Standards

(1) In general, a basic program in science shall:
(a) meet the following conditions:
   (i) maintain an environment that recognizes scientific knowledge as the product of inquiry and is continually subject to review, verification, and revision; and
   (ii) foster an environment that embraces the interactions of science, technology, and society.
(b) include the following practices:
   (i) investigate problems of individual, social, and ethical importance in the natural world through the selection and application of appropriate scientific techniques;
   (ii) connect initial inquiry and discovery to prior knowledge;
   (iii) employ varied strategies for investigation, allowing students to understand science as a process, experience practical problem-solving, and develop critical thinking skills;
   (iv) emphasize experimentation, data analysis, and the communication of findings to build new understandings by classifying ongoing observations, modeling natural phenomena, and developing the capacity to make inferences about unexplored concepts; and
   (v) use technology for collaborative inquiries to extend curricular experiences within the school and to other schools, communities, and businesses. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, 20-3-106, 20-7-101, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 2001 MAR p. 953, Eff. 6/8/01.)
SOCIAL STUDIES: PROGRAM

Social studies draws on the social sciences (economics, history, political science, geography, sociology, anthropology, and psychology) and the humanities (theory, literature, the arts, and philosophy). The social studies cover United States studies, global studies and the social science disciplines.

10.55.1601 Social Studies Program Delivery Standards

(1) In general, a basic program in social studies shall:
(a) meet the following conditions:
   (i) use strategies and methods that incorporate multiple perspectives as a basic component of social studies instruction;
   (ii) support the democratic process to promote a learning environment to foster individual civic competence; and
   (iii) integrate knowledge, skills, beliefs, values, and attitudes within and across disciplines to promote active citizenship.
(b) include the following practices:
   (i) incorporate inquiry skills and strategies using both primary and secondary resources;
   (ii) promote social criticism and socialization as a commitment to social responsibility;
   (iii) analyze ethical dimensions and social policy implications of issues to provide an arena for reflective development of concern for individual needs and the common good;
   (iv) promote decision-making skills and civic responsibilities through active participation (e.g., service learning projects); and
   (v) nurture an understanding of the contemporary and historical traditions and values of American Indian cultures and other cultural groups of significance to Montana and to society. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, 20-3-106, 20-7-101, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 2001 MAR p. 953, Eff. 6/8/01.)
VOCATIONAL/PRACTICAL ARTS: PROGRAM

Career and Vocational/Technical Education is a program of articulated sequential experiences that prepare students for successful participation in community, family, postsecondary education and careers. Career and Vocational/Technical Education programs include Agriculture, Business and Marketing, Family and Consumer Sciences, Industrial Technology, and Trades and Industry.

Career and Vocational/Technical Education programs focus on career preparation, resource management, communication, technical skill development, applied academics, technological literacy; and personal skills and leadership. Programs are driven by authentic applications where students will be prepared for the workplace.

The Career and Vocational/Technical Education students are empowered to be successful in today's world.

10.55.1701 Career and Vocational/Technical Education Program Delivery Standards
(1) In general, a basic program in career and vocational/technical education shall:
(a) meet the following conditions:
(i) skill development leading to lifelong pursuits;
(ii) program development in consultation with an advisory council; and
(iii) opportunities for authentic application, work experience, and/or articulation with postsecondary education.
(b) include the following practices:
(i) foster skill development for employment, advanced training, and lifelong learning;
(ii) input from representatives of business and industry;
(iii) analysis of skills and knowledge required in paid and non-paid careers;
(iv) leadership and character development through participation in career and technical student organizations (CTSOs);
(v) progression of skills and knowledge from basic to advanced; and
LIBRARY MEDIA: PROGRAM

The school library media program is essential in creating independent learners who are efficient consumers and producers of information. By using a variety of information formats, focusing on the learning process and collaborating with other disciplines, school libraries provide the entire school community with opportunities to acquire the information skills they need to interact responsibly in a global society.

An ongoing desire to know, a love for reading and a respect for information will transform a student into a lifelong independent learner. The role of libraries in a democratic society is to embrace the social responsibility of learning.

10.55.1801 Library Media Program Delivery Standards

(1) In general, a basic program in library media shall:
   (a) meet the following conditions:
      (i) establish flexible scheduling to ensure that libraries respond to information needs, foster intellectual curiosity, and support learning;
      (ii) ensure collaboration with classroom teachers of all disciplines to implement content area standards and to assist students in engaging in the inquiry/research process;
      (iii) model and support the ethical use of information, adherence to copyright laws, and respect for intellectual property; and
      (iv) advise the board of trustees on policy and rule pertaining to:
         (A) developing and maintaining a library collection that is current, balanced, and reflects authentic historical and cultural contributions of Montana’s American Indians and other minority and ethnic groups;
         (B) engaging in comprehensive long range planning to administer and manage, in a secure area, the human, financial, and physical resources of the library to locate, access, and use on-site resources that are organized and cataloged; and
         (C) implementing a viable collection development policy which includes the following components:
            (I) materials selection and de-selection;
            (II) challenged materials procedure;
            (III) intellectual/academic freedom statement;
            (IV) confidentiality assurance;
            (V) copyright guidelines; and
            (VI) gifts and donations.
   (b) include the following practices:
      (i) collaborate with classroom teachers of all disciplines to highlight and reinforce the commonalities and links between and among the curricular areas;
      (ii) cooperate and join with other libraries, information agencies, and community resources in the sharing of materials;
      (iii) encourage partnerships with information centers that use electronic information systems; and
      (iv) participate in school-wide technology and telecommunications planning and promote its integration into all instructional programs. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, 20-3-106, 20-7-101, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 2001 MAR p. 953, Eff. 6/8/01.)
SCHOOL COUNSELING: PROGRAM

Students of all ages must make many choices that affect their lives, now and in the future. Comprehensive school counseling programs are a way to serve the divergent and changing needs of students.

An effective school counseling program involves the whole school community to integrate academic, career, and personal/social development of students into the academic program. School counseling programs are essential to prepare students for a wide range of postsecondary options, including college.

10.55.1901 School Counseling Program Delivery Standards
(1) In general, school counseling shall:
(a) meet the following conditions:
   (i) provide a comprehensive developmentally planned program;
   (ii) advocate for all students and encourage students to develop to their full potential;
   (iii) respect the worth and dignity of all individuals by building trust and respecting confidentiality; and
   (iv) contribute as an integral part of the education process that is delivered through a variety of systems by school staff, students, parents, business, and industry.
(b) include the following practices:
   (i) maximize students' potential in the areas of academics, career, and personal/social development;
   (ii) develop a guidance curriculum presented through structured groups and classroom presentations;
   (iii) conduct individual planning using assessment, advisement, placement, and follow-up;
   (iv) deliver responsive services through individual and group counseling, consultation, and referral; and
   (v) provide system support through management, consultation with staff, community outreach, and public relations. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, 20-3-106, 20-7-101, MCA; NEW, 1989 MAR p. 342, Eff. 7/1/89; AMD, 2001 MAR p. 953, Eff. 6/8/01.)
SCHOOL FACILITIES AND RECORDS

10.55.2001-10.55.2003 (Transferred or Repealed)
WORLD LANGUAGES: PROGRAM

World Language study includes Modern, Classical and Native American languages. World Language study is communication-based and requires a sequential curriculum that provides consistent and increasing contact with the target language and culture. Communicative proficiency depends on the amount of time spent acquiring and refining skills inherent in language-learning experience. As an integral part of the core curriculum, World Language has immediate real-world applications. The study of World Language nurtures cross-cultural appreciation and fosters student learning through integration with other curricular areas. Communication is an inherently human activity; all children benefit from the opportunity to learn a second language.

10.55.2101 World Languages Program Delivery Standards
(1) In general, a basic program in world languages shall:
(a) meet the following conditions:
(i) consistent and continual experience with the target language and culture;
(ii) access to native speakers or experts, authentic cultural contact, and culturally authentic materials (e.g., print, video, audio, literature, music, art); and
(iii) access to technology that provides contact with the target language.
(b) include the following practices:
(i) promote confidence in practicing the language by encouraging risk-taking and minimizing verbal correction;
(ii) maximize use of target language in an authentic manner through student-teacher and student-student interaction; and
(iii) build an authentic cultural ambiance. (History: 20-2-114, MCA; IMP, 20-2-121, 20-3-106, 20-7-101, MCA; NEW, 2001 MAR p. 953, Eff. 6/8/01.)
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